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THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—April 6

Sun Rises	5.39 A M
Sun Sets	6.26 P M
Day's Length	12 h 45 m
High Water at Southport	10 46 P M
High Water at Wilmington	12 28 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEPT OF AGRICULTURE
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., April 6

Meteorological data for yesterday.

Temperature: 8 a. m., 64°; 8 p. m., 65°. maximum, 74°; minimum, 63°; mean, 68°.

Rainfall for the day, .46; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .49.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair, preceded by local showers in eastern portion; westerly winds.

OUTLINES

Resolution passed the Senate calling upon the President to protest against the execution of Gen. Rivera; Mr. Morgan's resolution recognizing Cuban belligerency comes up to-day. —— Joe Brown Irby shot and killed Richard H. Clark, formerly of Atlanta, near Perry, Ga. —— Wallace M. Rollins is nominated for the postmastership at Asheville, N. C. —— The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular of instructions to collectors of customs in regard to carrying out the provisions of the new tariff bill. —— Sylvester Scovel, the newspaper correspondent recently released from prison in Cuba, was married at St. Louis. —— The President will send a special message to Congress asking that immediate action be taken for relieving the sufferers from the flood. —— Ex-Gov. McKinney, of Virginia, who has been ill for several weeks, has sufferd a relapse, and his condition is considered critical. —— The North Carolina Railroad lease question will be heard before Judge Simonton to-day at Greensboro. —— It is reported that Gen. Maximo Gomez has been slightly wounded. —— A Spanish guerilla, who killed a British engineer, has been imprisoned on the charge of murder. —— The question confronting the planters of the overflowed district is the duration of the flood; a crop of cotton may be grown if the water is out of the delta by May 5th; much suffering is reported from the overflowed regions and it is decided to ask other cities for help. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1½@1¾, last laan offered at 1¾ and closed at 1½@1¾ per cent.; cotton firm—middling uplands 7 7-16c; middling gulf 7 11-16; flour dull and weak; wheat —spot weak; No. 2 red free on board 80¾c; corn—spot weak, No. 2 29½c at elevator and 30½c afloat; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firm at 29½@30c.

Eggs have become so cheap in *Missouri that the hens* do not consider them worth hatching. Have the *hens*, too, been anticipating the new tariff and overdone the thing?

How money grows, even in sterile New England, is shown by the statement that the $5,000 which B. Franklin left to the city of Boston has in 100 years grown to $400,000.

The Knoxville *Tribune* declares that the man who "greases his head should not be allowed to vote." Why not? Perhaps he uses the grease to lubricate his brains and make 'em good for something.

Up to date there have been received by mail at Washington only 94,923 applications for jobs in postoffices. But the season isn't advanced far yet and all the bailiwicks haven't reported.

If with no war in Cuba Spain has found it necessary to send out nearly 200,000 soldiers to quiet a little disturbance, how many soldiers would she need if there was a sure enough war going on?

According to an astronomer who has been figuring on it we receive as much light from the sun as we would from 680,000 full moons, and yet it is mighty hard to make some men see things in the right light.

The Providence, R. I., *Journal* can't see where the farmers of this country have been benefitted by protective tariffs, and neither can the farmers. But the Republican tariff builders keep on "protecting" them, all the same.

Perhaps the average Republican does not utilize the tooth brush as much as he should, but that is no reason why the Dingley tariff builders should have proclaimed their hostility to that adjunct of civilization by imposing a thirty-three per cent. duty on it.

Fulton Market, New York, handles annually from 75,000 to 100,000 pounds of frog quarters. These come principally from Jersey, where frog culture has been pursued with success, and where the crop is generally a full one.

The Washington *Post* pronounces the Turk a gentle and inoffensive sort of a human, save when aroused in defence of his religion, when he goes for gore. Like the showman's monkey, "he is perfectly docile except when irritated," religiously irritated, as it were.

The Atlanta *Constitution* remarks that "Senator Bacon is doing good work for Georgia fish," and suggests that he might put in some licks for the Georgia hog. The combination of Bacon and fish isn't a bad one, although the *Constitution* seems disposed to go the whole hog.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 13. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 6, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,156

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

"Newspaper silence" must be a drug on the market in Iowa. An investigation into some insurance companies which were accused of employing sundry agencies to carry something through the Legislature showed that one had invested $16 "in newspaper silence." We do not know what the fraternity in Iowa may think of this, but we have no respect for any newspaper man whose silence could be purchased for less than $20.

Mr. Nathan Strauss, of New York, who has interested himself in the effort to lessen the mortality among children in that city, says that sterilized milk has proved so effective that he urges all cities to encourage its use in feeding infants. He supports his statement by figures showing the decrease in infant mortality since its introduction in New York.

The Chicago thief who secreted two stolen gold watches in his luxuriant locks was taking time by the forelock as it were, but the meddlesome policemen took him by the nape of the neck and chucked him behind the calaboose lock. And now he will have more time than he wants when he is "sent up."

The Governor of the young State of Washington is disposed to put on style, and has vetoed a bill appropriating $500,000 for the erection of a State Capitol, on the ground that such a Cheap John house would be too shabby a structure for a State with such an imposing name.

Several days ago the New Orleans *States* stated that since the beginning of the flood seventeen miles of levees had been swept away. Since that statement was published probably as many more miles have been swept away. When the father of waters starts out to sweep he sweeps.

The oldest man in the world keeps turning up or turning down. Two of them have recently died, one in Mexico and the other in California, both considerably over a hundred years old, and now Russia trots out one alive and kicking aged 133, whose father lived to be 150.

If the festivities should begin in earnest between the Greeks and the Turks, the Greeks could make it lively for the Ottoman in Constantinople, where over half the population are Greeks and Armenians. Out of the 875,000 population, there are less than 400,000 Turks.

Herr Bismarck gave his eighty-second birthday party last Thursday. Kaiser Wilhelm wasn't there but he sent his congrats.

The horseless hansom is now in use in New York. Thus electricity knocks out both the horse and the cabman.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC—Meeting Wil. Lodge.

T. F. BAGLEY—Opera chairs for sale.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

FOUND—Pistol at Ocean View.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. M. M. Marks, of Newbern, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Dr. George R. Hughes, of Pollocksville, is among the visitors in the city.

— Dr. L. L. Nash and Col. W. S. Cook, of Fayetteville, arrived in the city last evening.

— Rev. W. B. Oliver, who was on the sick list Sunday, was greatly improved yesterday.

— Capt. L. W. Stodder, of the U. S. Revenue Marine Service, and formerly located on this station, arrived in the city Sunday. Capt. Stodder was one of the crew of the Monitor in her famous fight with the Merrimac at Hampton Roads.

— Mrs. C. A. Brown and Miss Brown, of Troy, N. Y., left last evening, after a visit to the family of Col. K. M. Murchison, at Orton plantation, and of Mr. James Sprunt, in the city. They expressed themselves as delighted with with our climate.

Going Abroad.

Col. and Mrs. K. M. Murchison, Miss Murchison and Miss Marie E. Murchison left last evening for New York, where they will sail for Europe on the North German Line steamer *Ems*.

The itinerary will be an extended one, embracing Paris, Naples, Nice, Rome, Mount Vesuvius, and the Mediterranean cities. The numerous friends of the party in this city wish them bon voyage.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— For other locals see fourth page.

— The STAR wears no "Union" label, but it gives employment to more printers than any other newspaper in Wilmington.

— The Superior Court of Brunswick county convened yesterday, Judge A. L. Coble presiding. Solicitor H. F. Sowall arrived Sunday, and went down yesterday.

— Information was brought to this office last night that the street lamps on the south side of Market, and the alleys leading into Market, were not lighted.

— People were very much puzzled last night, during the hour between 8 and 9 o'clock, over a strange light that appeared in the heavens. What it was, whether an air-ship, with a tremendous search light, or a balloon, or some other contrivance, no one could tell, though they were conjectures enough. The Weather Bureau held to the opinion that the strange object was a baloon.

Joe Jefferson in "Rip Van Winkle."

Joseph Jefferson, king of comedians, comes to the Opera House Saturday night, presenting his famous play, "Rip Van Winkle." This attraction will be hailed by theatre-goers with delight, and they will no doubt turn out *en masse* Saturday night to greet old Joe. Mr. Jefferson is a comedian in every sense of the word and one whom the American people love and feel proud of. As *Rip* he has scored his greatest success and will continue to gain new laurels as long as he may live. In support of Mr. Jefferson this season is a company of competent players. The advance sale of seats will open at Gerken's Thursday morning at 7 o'clock, and the sale will no doubt be a large one. Reserve seats $2.00 and $1 50; general admission, $1.00; gallery, 50 cents.

Dr. Alderman's Address.

The throng of people that poured into the First Presbyterian church Sunday night gave the most striking testimony to the high regard which the people of Wilmington entertain for our former townsman, Dr. E. A. Alderman, of the State University, who, according to announcement, was to address the Westminster League.

Dr. P. H. Hoge, President of the League, read the annual report, which showed gratifying progress.

Dr. Alderman's address was listened to throughout with the deepest interest. It was most able and scholarly, and breathed a noble eloquence that defies description.

Last night a reception was tendered the distinguished guest at Abbie Chadbourn hall, where his friends and admirers gathered in great numbers to greet him.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—2 bales cotton, 94 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R R.—2 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 71 bbls rosin, 48 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—170 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—195 bbls rosin, 87 bbls tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—4 bales cotton, 15 casks spirits turpentine, 150 bbls rosin, 70 bbls tar.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—10 casks spirits turpentine, 237 bbls rosin, 193 bbls tar.

Schooner Minnie Ward—14 casks spirits turpentine, 65 bbls rosin, 18 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 8 bales; spirits turpentine, 53 casks; rosin, 808 bbls; tar, 338 bbls; crude turpentine, 7 bbls.

Jurors for Criminal Court.

Following are the names of the jurors drawn yesterday for the April term of the Criminal Court: A. A. Willard, Jno. H. Summerlin, J. F. Costin, C. M. Willock, M. F. H. Governour, Geo. Grotgen, T. B. Carney, James McDougald, John S. Hill, Patrick Glavin, John McLaurin, James T. Jarrott, Jas. N. Chadwick, Arthur H. Holmes, L. Hansen, R. W. Merritt, Geo. E. Burnett, J. Carney Davis, Joe H. Hinton, John A. Wilson, E. S. Knight, Edwin T. Huggins, Asa A. Brown, J. B. Wiggins, Jno. E. Silva, J. S. Costin, James W. McCartney, John Dyer, Jos. C. Shepard, Jr., R. C. Orrell, Herbert Edwards, A. M. Williams, J. S. Barnes, L. B. Pennington, O. M. Fillyaw, John Weill.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS

For the Wilmington District of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South:

Southport, April 17, 18.
Scott's Hill, at Acorn Branch, April 24, 25.
Market Street, at night, April 25,
Clinton, at Browning's, May 1, 2.
Burgaw, at Herring's Chapel, May 8, 9.
Brunswick, at New Hope, May 14.
Grace church, May 16.
Bladen Street, at night, May 19.
Fifth Street, May 23.
Onslow, at Swansboro, May 27, 28.
Jacksonville and Richlands, at Richlands, May 29, 30.
Columbus, June 4.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, at Fair Bluff, June 5, 6.
Waccamaw, June 8.
Kenansville, at Warsaw, June 10, 11.
Magnolia, June 12, 13.
Bladen, June 19, 20.
Elizabeth, at Carver's Creek, June 26, 27.

The District Conference will meet at Clinton and will embrace the second Sunday in July. R. C. BEAMAN, Presiding Elder.

— Among the arrivals in the city yesterday were Mr. J. L. Costin, Rocky Point; Mr. J. F. Harrell, Morehead City; Mr. J. T. Jarman, Jacksonville; Mr. W. H. Carter, Wallace.

CITY AFFAIRS.

Meeting of the Board of Aldermen—Election of City Officials—Contracts Awarded—Police Sworn In—Communications Received.

The Republican Board of Aldermen met yesterday and elected all the city officials under their jurisdiction, except city clerk and treasurer, city attorney and superintendent of the fire alarm system. Eight ballots were taken for the position of city clerk and treasurer, but each resulted in a dead-lock.

The Board was called to order by Mayor Wright at 11.05 o'clock, Aldermen Keith, Twining, Hewlett, Benson, Walker, Norwood and Green being present, but the three Democratic aldermen, Messrs. Springer, Fennell and Yoff, were again absent.

After the minutes of the last meeting were read and approved, Mayor Wright stated that the object of the meeting was to elect city officials for the ensuing term.

On motion of Alderman Walker, the Board proceeded to an election.

Mayor Wright stated that the first election would be for a city clerk and treasurer, and called for the nominations for that position.

Alderman Hewlett nominated Mr. W. A. Struthers and Alderman Green placed in nomination Mr. F. B. Rice, the present incumbent, while Alderman Keith nominated Mr. R. H. Beery.

Aldermen Walker and Nixon were appointed tellers.

Eight ballots were taken, each resulting in a tie. The result of the different ballots, showing votes received by each nominee, were as follows:

First ballot—Struthers 3, Rice 3, and Beery 1, Aldermen Hewlett, Twining and Walker voting for Struthers, Aldermen Benson, Green and Norwood voting for Rice, and alderman Keith voting for Beery.

Second ballot—Struthers 3, Rice 3, and Beery 1. All the Aldermen voted as before.

After the result of the second ballot was announced, Alderman Keith said Mr. Rice was not his choice for the position of city clerk and treasurer and he had nothing against Mr. Struthers, who was an applicant for the same position, but as he could not get his man elected he would endorse Mr. Rice. (Loud applause from the audience.)

Third ballot—Eight votes were cast, being one vote more than voters, and consequently another ballot was ordered.

Fourth ballot—Struthers 4 and Rice 5. Again there was an outburst of applause from the spectators. Mayor Wright instructed Officer Bender if there was any more cheering to clear the room of all onlookers.

Mayor Wright stated that Mr. Rice having received a majority of the votes cast was duly elected.

Mr. Rice stated that it took six votes, a majority of the entire Board, to elect, and so the balloting continued. At the close of the eighth ballot, which resulted in Struthers receiving 3 votes and Rice 4, Alderman Walker made a motion to defer the election until the next regular meeting.

Alderman Keith offered an amendment to Alderman Walker's motion, which was accepted, appointing the time for the election at any meeting called for that purpose. The motion was carried.

Alderman Hewlett placed Mr. Jno. R. Melton in nomination for the position of chief of police.

Mr. Keith inquired if there were any applications for that position, and was informed that Mr. Melton had been the only one to make application. He then asked that all applications be read over before the election.

Alderman Walker said there had been several applications handed in after the Republican caucus Saturday night, and suggested that the whole matter be deferred. After a rather lengthy discussion the matter was not deferred and the applications were not read.

Alderman Keith nominated Mr. Henry Tietgen for chief of police, and Alderman Benson seconded the nomination, while Aldermen Twining and Norwood seconded Mr. Melton's nomination.

The ballot resulted in Melton receiving six votes and Tietgen one vote. Mr. Melton was declared duly elected.

Alderman Hewlett nominated for the position of captain of police Mr. Michael Griffin, and for lieutenant of police Mr. Robert Green, the present incumbent. Both nominees received the unanimous vote of the Board.

For the position of sergeants of police Alderman Hewlett nominated the present incumbents, Messrs. Thos. B. Thayer and Thomas Lossen.

Alderman Keith placed in nomination Mr. H. L. Kuhl, in the place, he said, of Mr. Thayer.

Upon the advice of Mayor Wright, the two positions were voted for separately.

The ballot was then taken, with Messrs. Kuhl and Thayer as nominees for first sergeant. Mr. Thayer received 6 votes and Mr. Kuhl 1 vote. Mr. Thayer was declared elected.

For second sergeant Mr. Lossen received 6 votes, and was declared elected, Alderman Keith not voting.

Alderman Hewlett placed the following persons in nomination for policemen: R. F. Gore, D. S. Bender, Lewis Gordon, L. A. Hewlett, J. A. Holmes, J. F. Huggins, H. L. Kuhl, Sam. Hall, R. H. Benson, Rowan Green, L. P. Thomas, J. A. Wells, J. A. Sutton, R. M. Murray, W. Richardson, J. G. Sharp, H. J. Whitehead, Joseph Anderson, N. A. McDuffie, H. B. Green, Lewis Geyer and D. Bryant, the eight latter colored.

Alderman Keith arose and said: "I notice two or three names of the best men left out the list just read. What we need is a good police force, for to them is entrusted our lives and property, and there has been names of men read here whom I would not trust; not because they are not honest, but because they haven't had the experience. Among the names left off I notice Woebse, Carny and others, and men have been substituted in their places who have not been tried. I am here to serve the people and not a party, and I think favoritism should not stand in the way. I oppose the nomination of the police force as a whole and offer it as an amendment.

Alderman Green also opposed the nomination of the police force as a whole and seconded the amendment offered by Alderman Keith.

Alderman Twining said it would take up too much time to nominate separately.

Alderman Green said he was elected by the people and proposed to serve the people; that he thought it was better to spend a little time in the interest of the people and do things right than to hurry matters and do things wrong.

Alderman Walker said the alderman from the Fifth ward ought to have thought of that when he was in the caucus.

Alderman Keith's amendment was lost and the nomination of Alderman Hewlett were elected as a whole.

Alderman Hewlett placed in nomination for health officers Geo. A. Dry and John H. Brown, both colored, and Alderman Keith nominated Mr. L. P. Thomas. Alderman Twining seconded the nomination of Dry and Brown. The officers were voted for separately and Brown and Dry were elected.

For the positions of temporary health officers Alderman Hewlett nominated Jas. McPhairland and Jno. Lee, both colored. Both nominees were elected, having received six votes, Alderman Keith refusing to vote.

For the position of chief of fire department Alderman Hewlett nominated Mr. Chas. Schnibben and Alderman Norwood nominated Mr. Jas. W. Monroe. Schnibben received 6 votes and Monroe 1. Mr. Schnibben was declared elected.

Nominations for the position of assistant chief of fire department being in order, Alderman Hewlett nominated Mr. J. O. Brown, Alderman Keith nominated Mr. Jas. W. Monroe and Alderman Green nominated Valentine Howe, colored.

On the first ballot Brown received 5 votes, Monroe 1 vote and Howe 1 vote. On the second ballot Mr. Brown was unanimously elected.

Alderman Keith nominated Mr. Dixon Poisson for day janitor at the City Hall and Alderman Hewlett nominated Jno. Carroll, colored. Carroll received 6 votes and Poisson 1.

Capt. John Fitzgerald was unanimously elected night janitor of the City Hall.

Mr. J. A. Loughlin was elected clerk of Front street market, and Mr. J. H. Harper was elected clerk of Fourth street market.

J. P. Bowen and Hays Leonard were elected lamp lighters, Bowen north side and Leonard south side.

Mr. L. H. Bryant was elected superintendent of streets by a unanimous vote.

Thos. E. Scott, colored, was elected messenger at the City Hall, and Thos. Rivera, Sr., colored, was elected cattle weigher.

For the position of Mayor's clerk, Alderman Keith nominated Mr. Joe King, Jr., and Alderman Green nominated Richard Hall, colored. Mr. King was elected, having received 6 votes and Hall 1.

Alderman Keith stated that there was a committee present from the Chamber of Commerce who would like to address the Board.

Messrs. J. C. Stevenson and C. E Borden then addressed the Board, asking that the city appropriate $100 to advertise Wilmington and vicinity in the Baltimore *Manufacturers' Record*.

Mayor Wright stated that the Board would discuss the matter and give it careful attention. Alderman Keith endorsed the appropriation.

The contract for caring and shoeing the city mules and horses was awarded to S. P. Cowan & Co., at $9.75 each per month. The bids were H. L. Fennell, $10.05; R. C. Orrell, $10, and E. J. Jones & Co., $9.75.

A contract for lumber for the city was awarded to Messrs. Fore & Foster, theirs being the only bid received. Their bid was $9.90 per M. feet for all kinds of lumber for sewerage purposes; pitch pine heart curbing $13.13 per M. feet, and extra long or large lengths at a cost of from $3.25 to $3.88 per M. feet extra.

At 12.40 o'clock the Board adjourned until 3.30 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Board reassembled at 3.30 o'clock. The sum of $5.50 was ordered paid to Messrs. McGowan and Wanamaker for the use of their office during the election and during the registration for same. Mr. W. D. McEvans was ordered paid $5 50 for the use of his office for the same purpose; $1.33 was ordered paid to Mr. W. J. Bissenger for his services as night watchman the night of the Polvogt fire, February 25.

Mrs. Jane Sheehan was awarded the contract for furnishing the prisoners with meals at 7½ cents per meal.

A bid of $350 for the listing of taxes was received from Mr. Armand DeRosset, and was referred to the Finance Committee.

A communication, which was referred to the Streets and Wharves Committee, was received from a number of citizens asking that Front street, between Orange and Ann, be improved so as to correspond with the remainder of Front street.

A communication was received in regard to the city employing a standard keeper.

A communication, which was also referred to the Streets and Wharves Committee, was received from Messrs. S. V. Bunting and Jas. Lane, asking that the street in front of their residences, Nos. 419 and 410 Red Cross street, be repaired.

The report of the committee appointed by the Chamber of Commerce to look into the water works, fire limit and fire alarm system, was read and referred to the Fire and Water Works Committees.

Mayor Wright stated that at a meeting of the medical fraternity of New Hanover county it was thought best to merge the offices of superintendent of health, county physician and city superintendent of health into one, with a stated salary, the occupant to have no outside practice, and that the County Commissioners had agreed to that plan.

A communication was received by the Board setting forth the facts stated by Mayor Wright, and also asking the Mayor to name the physician for that place. Mayor Wright named Dr. W. D. McMillan, who was unanimously elected superintendent of health by the Board. The County Commissioners and the Board of Aldermen will meet and fix the salary of the combined offices.

At 4.15 o'clock the Board adjourned.

Last night at 7.30 o'clock the new police force assembled at the City Hall and were sworn in by Mayor Wright, who made the following remarks: "You have been elected by the Board of Aldermen as the police force of the city of Wilmington and your duties are very important. The instructions to the police will be given to the chief and from the chief to the lieutenant, who will turn them over to the sergeants, and they will deliver them to their men. Your appearance must be neat; you must wear collars, also white gloves; have your boots blacked, and you are not expected to stand while on duty on corners with your hands in your pockets, but must keep walking your beat with coat buttoned up tightly. If a man is simply drunk on the street, it being his first offence and he is not disorderly, escort him to the end of your beat and turn him over to the policeman on the beat adjoining, and so on until he reaches his home. In regard to all the city ordinances I shall expect you to enforce them, without regard to color or party, and to break up crowds of boys and men that loiter around the streets late at night. I shall hold every officer responsible for any liquor sold on Sundays on his beat, and the same in regard to bicycle-riding on the sidewalks and the piling of trash and boxes on the sidewalks. Any policeman caught drunk while on duty for the first offence will be suspended for fifteen days without pay, and for the second offence will be dismissed."

Those who were not re-elected yesterday are as follows: Captain of Police R. M. Capps, Day Janitor at City Hall L. R. Mason and Police Officers R. L. Sallings, Wm. Murray, H. Woebse, J. G. Carney, J. G. McClammy, R. F. Holmes, C. D. Gore, J. W. Smith and C. O. Knox.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Regular Monthly Session—Petition Asking That County Fire Insurance be Placed in a Home Company—Resolutions Looking to Reduction of County Expenses—Petitions and Reports.

The Board of Commissioners of New Hanover county met in regular monthly session at 2 30 p. m. yesterday. Those present were Chairman Foster and Commissioners Moore, Dempsey, Alexander and Nixon. The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved.

A communication was read from Mr. W. A. Riach showing that he had had deepened and widened a ditch running through his property and draining the public road, and asking that the sum of ten dollars be paid to him according to agreement. The matter was referred to the Auditing Committee.

A petition from leading citizens was then read, asking that the county fire insurance be placed as far as possible in a home company—the Carolina Insurance Company. It was referred to a committee consisting of Chairman Foster and Committeemen Moore, Dempsey and Alexander, to inquire into the condition of the company, with the understanding that if this should be found satisfactory a policy should be taken.

On motion, the county attorney, Marsden Bellamy, was instructed to notify parties whose real estate had been advertised for sale during years of '95 and '96, that if some arrangement is not made for payment of taxes by June 1st, deed of sale would be executed forthwith.

The petition of Harvey Brown for help from the county was referred to Commissioner Dempsey with power to act.

The following resolutions from the Chairman of the Board, Col. F. W. Foster, was read:

It is time that the Board of County Commissioners should decide what amount should be expended in the various branches of the county government. During the last ten years capital, labor, professions and all branches of business, and rents have become less remunerative to a degree that the general public has become restless and are demanding a change for the better.

Notwithstanding the unfavorable conditions above spoken of, inconsistent and wrong as it may be, the county expenses during the said period have year by year increased, which has created a burden so great that there are more pieces of property year after year sold for taxes. Also during the last decade professional hangers-on resort to all the cunning known to man to get a place, make a place, create offices; and the various branches of government demanding more and more money; some of them in the ratio of $3,500 to $7,500 per annum. Even resorting to influencing ladies to meet county commissioners with a view of urging appropriation of county money for various purposes.

The said heavy taxation is keeping manufactories from being established in our midst and closing many that have heretofore been established.

The county, year by year, levies an unconstitutional tax, being more and more above the constitutional limit. The taxpayers have quietly submitted, and in despair see more and more property sold for taxes. The present condition of affairs cannot continue. The only consolation the county has, not to reflect upon what effect it has upon itself, is, that it can be consoled that its daughter (the city) is in a worse fix than itself.

Brother commissioners, let us commence:

Be it resolved, That —— thousand dollars be the limit of the county appropriations for the hospital per annum.

Be it further resolved, That this Board express a desire to His Honor, Dr. S. P. Wright, Mayor, that with a view of economy and retrenchment, he would appoint a city physician that would be acceptable to himself and the medical fraternity of New Hanover county, whose duty it shall be to perform all the duties of the four doctors that are now being paid by the county and city, agreeing upon his salary and what proportion shall be paid by each Board. It shall be understood that the party appointed shall do no private practice.

Be it further resolved, That twenty cents per day is seemingly ample to feed each prisoner confined in the county jail, at the present cost of food.

This reduction would lessen the taxes levied upon one thousand families that are living in their own small homes upon wages of one dollar and less per day, and from said wages maintain from four to seven in a family. The charity funds are constantly increasing and also the number of out-door poor, which are kept up by increased pro rata taxation upon the humble homes of the laborer.

The list of names that are drawing funds from the county should be revised. County Commissioners should look into the dispensing of the charity funds and see if the amount cannot be reduced, and in every instance cut off contributions from those who own real estate.

The expense of lighting public buildings should be lessened.

Resolved, That Mr. Marsden Bellamy, attorney for the Board of County Commissioners, be requested to audit the coroners' and magistrates' C. S. C. and C. C. C. bills against the county for the month of March with the express purpose of disallowing all bills, if any, that are based upon cases brought for the purpose of securing fees that are to be paid by the county which aggregate a sum that is oppressive to our taxpayers.

The commissioners' attention is called to the necessity of levying a special tax to pay off the county's floating indebtedness which has heretofore been spoken of under the head of "Our County's Surplus," which is simply a misnomer.

On motion, it was decided that beginning with April 1st, the appropriation from the county to the City Hospital should not exceed $3,500.

A discussion arose as to whether one physician, as suggested in Col. Foster's communication, could discharge all the duties heretofore devolving upon the hospital physician, city physician, and county superintendent of health. The matter was referred to a committee consisting of Commissioners Foster, Moore and Alexander, who were instructed to confer with the medical board and to act for the best interest of taxpayers. While this subject was under discussion, a message was received from Mayor S. P. Wright stating that the Board of Aldermen had elected Dr. W. D. McMillan City Superintendent of Health.

A motion was passed reducing the allowance for food of prisoners in county jail to 20 cents per day, the reduction beginning with April 1st.

It was decided that the list of beneficiaries of the county should be thoroughly revised at an adjourned meeting Thursday night.

Messrs. J. C. Stevenson and C. E Borden appeared before the Board representing the Chamber of Commerce and asked an appropriation of $100 to advertise the county and city in a special S. A. L. edition of the *Manufacturers' Record*. They were referred back to the Chamber with instructions to ask that the amount desired be taken out of the $320 previously appropriated for a like purpose.

It was ordered that the county tax paid on real estate by Cato Waddell be refunded, tax on the same property having been paid by J. Lee.

On motion, Rev. J. F. Hill, colored, was allowed $5.00 for services as chaplain in the colored ward of the County Home.

A petition of J. F. Rulfs, asking for a reduction of the assessed value of a house on Walnut street was not granted, the Board having no authority to make the desired change.

A. J. Marshall, Esq., appeared for Mr. M. D. Croom, who desired permission to move his place of business to Ocean View. The petition was referred to the County Attorney.

A resolution was passed by a majority vote tendering a vote of thanks to Senator Geo. B. Cannon for services rendered in the passage of bills sent to the Legislature from this county.

Miss Estelle Shrier, on recommendation from the numerous prominent lawyers, was chosen court stenographer. The appointment will be confirmed Judge Sutton.

The report of Dr. W. D. McMillan, County Physician, was read, showing that he had made during the month 287 visits to 163 patients, and treated 213 patients in the county office.

Dr. J. C. Shepard, Superintendent of Health, reported 34 inmates in the County Home and 13 prisoners in House of Correction.

The report of Col. Jno. D Taylor, Clerk Superior Court, showed that he had paid to the treasurer $3, jury tax in case of State vs. J. I. Weston.

Register of Deeds Norwood reported that he had issued 23 marriage licenses during the month and turned over to the treasurer $31.35, the amount due the county.

The chairman stated that the bonds now running at 4½ per cent. could now be taken up and placed at 5½c per cent., but action was deferred.

The selection of tax listers was left for the adjourned meeting.

Jurors for the April term of the Criminal Court were then drawn. The names of these appear in another column.

At 5 30 o'clock the Board took a recess till Thursday at 7 p. m.

Special Choir.

Every member of the special choir which is being organized for the series of meetings at Grace M. E. church the present month is requested to attend the practice at the church at 8 o'clock to-night.

Oldest and One of the Best.

[*Lincoln Journal.*]

The Wilmington STAR entered its sixtieth volume last week. It is the oldest and decidedly one of the best papers in the State. We wish it many more birthdays and much prosperity.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

Meeting of the Third N. C. Infantry Association.

The quarterly meeting of the Third North Carolina Infantry Association was held last night at the City Hall, Col. W. L. DeRosset presiding, and Capt. J. I. Metts secretary.

Sergeant C. H. King, of Company E, and Private Wm. N. Hobbs, of Company E, were elected members, and Mr. Rufus J. King, son of Private King, was elected associate member.

As the 16th of May, the anniversary of the association, comes on Sunday, Monday, the 17th, will be celebrated.

A committee of three—Capt. W. H. Northrop, Capt. J. I. Metts and Private J. D. Orrell—were appointed to make all necessary arrangements for the celebration, which will be held at the Sound.

The New Chief.

A meeting of the Howard Relief Fire Engine Company was held last night at Adrian hall. After the transaction of the regular business, the meeting was resolved into a reception in honor of the new chief of the fire department.

Mr. Schnibben has been a member of the company for eight years and served faithfully in many responsible positions, and it is not surprising that the members are highly pleased at his promotion.

Refreshments were served in abundance, and many toasts were offered and responded to, among the speakers being Chief Schnibben, Assistant Chief Brown F. Richter H. Latham, H. Peschau and others.

The First Crate.

The first crate of strawberries from North Carolina for this season was shipped yesterday—ten days earlier than the usual time for the beginning of shipments. The shipper was Mr. G. W. Westbrook and the berries were grown on the Southerland plantation. They were consigned to Taylor, Bro. & Co., Philadelphia, whose representative, Mr. R. C. Kennedy, is now in the city.

INJUNCTION CASE POSTPONED

Nominations at Democratic Primaries—Convicts Sent to Phosphate Mines at Castle Hayne—Preparing to Receive Criminal Insane at the Penitentiary.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 5.—At the Democratic primaries to-night Mayor Russ and City Clerk Ham Smith were renominated. Chas. F. Lumsden was nominated for tax collector. Drewry, Boushall, Parish, Riddle, Ivey and Powell were nominated for aldermen in Democratic wards.

Thirty convicts were sent to Castle Hayne to work in the phosphate mines under six months' contract. An annex is to be constructed at the penitentiary here right away for the accommodation of criminal insane. The last Legislature provided for their removal from the asylums to the penitentiary. There are twenty-six of them.

Judge Simonton writes that the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad injunction case will not be heard at Greensboro to-morrow, defendants having asked for twenty days' time in which to file answer. Place and time of hearing will be hereafter named.

Ex-Chief Justice Shepherd has been retained by Attorney General Walser to appear for him as special counsel in the suit of the Southern Railway against the North Carolina road. It is the object of the Attorney General, while vindicating his right to bring certain suits in his discretion as representing the sovereignty of the State, to also allow the Governor to present through him all questions relating to the validity of the lease except the charge of actual fraud on the part of directors.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ST. JOHN'S HALL, April 5, 1897.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M.

EMERGENT COMMUNICATION THIS TUESDAY evening, at 8 o'clock, for work in M. M. degree.
Visiting brethren welcome.
By order of W. M.
ap 6 1t THOS. F. BAGLEY, Secretary.

Opera Chairs.

ON ACCOUNT OF REPAIRS TO ST. Andrew's Church we have for disposal from 70 to 90 Opera Chairs. They are in good order and look as well as new. Apply to
THOS. F. BAGLEY,
ap 6 2t Treasurer.

OPERA HOUSE

ONE NIGHT,

Saturday, April 10th.

Joseph Jefferson

—IN—

RIP VAN WINKLE.

Sale of seats to open Thursday, April 8th, at 9 a. m.
ap 4 4t su tu th su

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1897

FROM A BUSINESS STANDPOINT.

While tariffs of some sort are necessary to provide revenue to meet the demands of the Government, we have never been able to see where the patriotism entered in a protective tariff, that is in a tariff where protection was a or the leading feature. These are based either on the selfishness that seeks the gain of a certain class, or the selfishness of a section which seeks an advantage for that particular section. Our tariffs have all been more or less protective, although until the new departure was made, when Republican statesmen got the helm of State, the protective idea was subordinate to revenue, and so all tariffs that we will have for years to come will be more or less protective, because with the large demands of the Government for revenue, the tariff that will give revenue enough must necessarily be protective. The talk about a "free trade" tariff is simply a ludicrous absurdity, something which we cannot have for years to come if we would. They call the Wilson tariff a "free trade" tariff, notwithstanding the fact that this "free trade" tariff gives an average protecton of forty per cent.

In discussing this question we have contended that the protective tariffs are essentially selfish and sectional, inspired by the greed for gain of individuals and classes and of sections. Within the past thirty-five years we have never had a tariff that didn't demonstrate this, with the exception, perhaps, of the Wilson tariff, and the opponents of that tariff in the North charged it with being sectional and being framed in the interests of the South, because it put some things, largely used in the South, on the free list, which had under former tariffs been on the dutiable lists, so that from their standpoint this tariff is sectional, as from our standpoint all the previous tariffs since the Republican party came into power have been sectional.

Regarding it simply as a business matter involving dollars, in which the element of patriotism does not enter, as tariffs are now manipulated, we have held and still hold that the South as a section should oppose everything in the shape of a protective tariff and favor the very lowest possible tariff consistent with the demands for revenue; that is to say, if a ten per cent. tariff would give as much or more revenue than a forty per cent. tariff, although it would not give more than a quarter as much protection, the South should favor the ten per cent. in preference to the forty per cent., and for the very same reason that the advocates of protection demand a high tariff. While the latter is claimed to be not only beneficent but necessary to the prosperity of manufacturing industries in the North, the former would contribute more to the prosperity of manufacturing industries in the South and to the prosperity of the people of the South.

Why do we say so? The Northern manufacturers profess to be afraid of the competition of foreign manufacturers who employ "pauper labor," which is a mere phrase that has no foundation in fact, for the labor in foreign manufactories, at least in those with which our manufactures have to compete, is no more pauper labor than the labor in our manufactories is. But granting that this be so and that they do really need protection from "pauper labor," the manufacturers of the South do not. No one ever heard a Southern manufacturer asking for protection from that kind of labor, but on the contrary, the Southern manufacturers find in the countries in which that kind of labor is most nsed some of their best markets.

The advocates of protection declaim much on the advantages and benefits of a great home market. Much that they say about the home market is true, and it is also true that in the manufacturers of the North the manufacturers of the South find their main competitors in the home market. The Northern manufacturers have before this felt the effect of Southern competition in the home market, and it is this Southern competition quite as much as the foreign competition which makes them cry aloud for more protection.

In the competition between rivals in business each is justified in availing himself of every advantage that he honestly and honorably can over the other, and if it be honest and honorable for the manufacturers of the North to work for tariff bounties to enable them to hold their own and keep in the field it is equally honest and honorable in the manufacturers of the South to work for a low tariff, which would be to their interest and give them a decided advantage over their Northern rivals. That's business, and with this idea of business the Northern manufacturers have been playing for protection for thirty odd years and have generally got as much as they asked The Southern manufacturers have asked none and got none. They have depended upon the advantages they enjoyed in the better climate, the greater abundance and cheapness of the raw materials, the cheaper labor, etc., all of which lessen the cost of production and make a margin for greater profit, and consequently the Southern manufacturers have not only successfully competed with their Northern rivals, but have made money, while their Northern rivals were complaining of being ruined by the pauper labor of Europe.

Doesn't it follow as a matter of fact if there were few manufactories in the North there would be more in the South, and more for those in the South to do? and that the South would soon become *the* manufacturing section of the country? That is as plain as that two and two make four, and hence it is equally as plain that it is to the interest of the South, looking upon the tariff as a purely business matter, and viewing it from a sectional standpoint, to desire the removal of this protection prop, which is necessary, according to the manufacturers who plead for protection, to keep them up. If protection were removed then these Northern manufacturers would be compelled to change their base of operations and get nearer to the raw materials so that they might enjoy some of the advantages which give prosperity to Southern manufacturers while they were struggling to get along and had to depend upon tariff protection to do it.

This is a cold matter-of-fact business view to take of this question. That is the view that the advocates of protection have taken of it, and that is the view that the Southern people, who would be benefitted by the abolition of protection, should take of it.

MINOR MENTION.

Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, President of the New York Central Railway, discussing the effect of the recent anti-pooling decision of the United States Supreme Court, suggests a way to avoid disastrous competition between the rival roads, and a somewhat original one, too, a sort of a compromise with the Populist demand for Government ownership of the roads. He suggests that the Government, through the railway commission, fix the maximum and minimum rates that may be charged by any road for freight or passenger service, and prohibit any road from going above or below the rates fixed by the commission. This, as Mr. Depew says, would practically give the Government business control of all the roads in the country without assuming any responsiblity, making any purchases, or taking any chances in losses that might result from a falling off in business or too low rates. Mr. Depew doesn't exactly like this, but he thinks it would be preferable to the numerous cutting of rates that will result from the recent decision, under which agreement between the roads as to rates cannot be made and each must act for itself. But how would a scheme like that work without also giving the Government control of the vessels on the lakes and the boats on the rivers and canals? They are very active and formidable competitors of the roads running in the country tributary to the lakes, rivers and canals. The better way would be to let the roads attend to their own business, and let the Government attend to its own business.

* * *

The probabilities are that when Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, offered his retroactive amendment to the Dingley Tariff bill as it passed the House of Representatives, he intended it more as a bluff than anything else, and did not expect its adoption by the Senate or that it would stand the test of the courts if it do pass the Senate. As this is the only time that a retroactive clause has been attached to a tariff bill, it has never been subjected to judicial test, although there was a test made under the Wilson bill which did not finally pass until nearly a month after the time (August 1) fixed in the bill for it to go into operation. In the test then made it was decided that the *intent* of Congress was that the law should become operative only upon its passage and ratification. The decision in this case turned on the *intent*, but if the Court had regarded the act strictly constitutional as to the time when it became operative it would not have considered the question of intent at all, but would have decided according to the law. This may be taken as a straw to indicate the view that the Court may take of this retroactive clause if the act should, on its final passage, contain it and a test be made, which may be taken for granted.

* * *

A telgram to the Raleigh *News and Observer* of Sunday states that Dr. John C. Terrell, a native of Person county, but since 1868 a practicing physician in the city of Philadelphia where he recently died, has bequeathed to his native county $40,000 for the support of its public schools, and in addition to this a fund sufficient to build a school house in each of the twenty-six districts in the county. The $40,000 is to constitute a fund the interest from which is to be used for the support of the schools. Col John S. Cunningham, of Person county, is named as his executor. This is an illustration of practical, well-directed benevolence that it is a pleasure to note, and shows how sometimes the love of the native heath clings to the last. Having no family of his own this North Carolinian, dying, by his will adopted the children of his native county, made them his legatees and at the same time built a monument to himself in every school district in the county, monuments that do him more honor than the most imposing column of marble or granite. The memory of such a man, however unpretentious his life may have been, can never die.

Bidding against the world the Carnegie Steel Company at Pittsburg has secured the contract for a steel building at Tokio, Japan, the first building of that kind ever projected in the Orient. It is to be 150x235 feet, and four stories high, which is as high as it is deemed safe to go in that land of frequent and rattling earthquakes. The plan is by a Japanese architect. It will require 1,500 tons of steel, and must be completed within two months from the 1st of September, when the first shipment will be made.

The Baroness Hirsch is loyally following up the benevolent and charitable work inaugurated by her deceased husband. It is reported that she will devote $10,000,000 to bettering the condition of the needy Hebrews in this country.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—Some of these days the American people will discover that they can get along with fewer officeholders, and then a number of gentlemen who are not the least inclined to do so will be compelled to go to work for their living.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—What Russia's game is in the Cretan and Grecian affair is bothering all the diplomats of Europe. It is claimed that she really desires that King George shall declare war and march against the Turks. It does not even seem that it can be long ere Greece succeds in forcing all of the allied powers to show their hands.—*Richmond State, Dem.*

—An old and feeble woman has been sentenced to a long term of imprisonment in New York for drawing a small pension to which she was not entitled. As the case is reported, she is clearly guilty of a fraud on the Government, and must be punished, but seems singular that the dragnet of the law can catch a such a small offender when so many big ones escape it.—*Phil. Ledger, Ind.*

—The appeal of the Cretan refugees in Athens to the Governments of Europe presents their case in a nutshell. The Powers are implored not to "compel 300,000 Cretans, by the tortures of famines, to accept a Constitution which would expose them to fresh sufferings in the future." The Powers have declared their purpose to make Crete free; but freedom involves the right of a people to shape their destinies according to their own liking. The Cretans desire union with Greece; and if there be any honesty in the policy of the European concert they will not be subjected to the tortures of famine by the Powers on a mere point of honor.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

—On his Guard: "Dr Powder—'Oh! How are you to day, Mr. Gilmp?' Gilmp—"Do you ask as an inquiring friend and or as my family physician?'—*Philadelphia Record.*

— A Hidden Motive Cholly—Gallant—"Won't you sit down, Miss?" Miss Cushly—"No, no, thank you; I couldn't think of sitting down, I've been taking skating lessons."—*Judge.*

— "The ass in the lion's skin?" said the king of beasts at the usual after-circus soiree. "It is no fable but a fact. In truth it was my skin that the ass occupied. He made a far superior luncheon to the Meat Trust beef we get here."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Breaking it Gently—"Dear Mother," wrote the young man who had gone out West to make his fortune, "I get board very cheap here, and I am accumulating my share of the 'dust,' too." His next letter conveyed the information that he was working in a sawmill.—*Chicago Tribune.*

— Mistress—That was a very nice letter of Patrick's offering you marriage, Mary. What shall I say in reply for you?

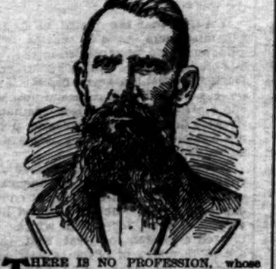
Mary—Tell him, mum, if you plase, that when I get my wages next month, mum, I'll begin to save for the wedding things.—*Judge.*

— Exasperatingly Indefinite—"If that isn't aggravating!"

"What's the matter?"

"I just got a letter from my brother in which he says he is going to marry a bluegrass widow. I don't know whether he is engaged to a Kentucky woman or a freak."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Ministers Should Use Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.



THERE IS NO PROFESSION, whose labors so severely tax the nervous system, as that of the ministry. The derangement of the nerve centers of the brain by over work, frequently brings on attacks of heart trouble, and nervous prostration.

Rev. J. P. Kester, M. D., Pastor U. B. church, London Mills, Ills., himself a physician, writes Feb. 25, 1895: "Heart affection and nervous prostration had become so serious last fall that a little over work in the pulpit would so completely prostrate me that it seemed certain I must relinquish the work of the ministry entirely. Heart palpitation became so bad that my auditors would ask me if I did not have heart disease. Last November I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure alternately with Dr. Miles' Nervine and derived the greatest possible benefit. I have just closed revival work of 20 weeks, preaching nearly every night and twice on the Sabbath. I can speak for hours without suffering as I formerly did. Hard working ministers should keep Dr. Miles' grand remedies on hand."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

Restores Health.....

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

Headache stopped in 20 minutes by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "Once cent a dose."

No opiates or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS Cures All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. Change. June 15 1y su tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Asheboro *Courier*: Wm. C. Freeman died at his home near Julian on March 28th, of Brights disease.

— Lincolnton *Journal*: Reports from all over the country are to the effect that the frosts and freezes of last week destroyed the peach and pear crops and seriously damaged forward wheat.

— Salisbury *World*: Fully 200 people went to the depot to see Sousa's band. The whole affair turned out to be an April fool of the Raleigh *Tribune*. Such an April fool is not relished by the people and can but weaken a paper that indulges in such nonsense. It was the poorest feat in journalism that the *Tribune* has ever sprung.

— Statesville *Landmark*: Curt Myers, a half brother of Will Myers, who committed suicide in New Hope township Tuesday a week ago, was in town this week and said that since Will's death he had learned that the latter made preparation to commit suicide about a week before his death, having whetted his knife to cut his throat, but was prevented.

— Mount Airy *News*: The wheat crop does not look extra well for the season. ——The prospect for a big crop of peaches this year in this vicinity is not promising. In the first place peaches do not amount to much under the most favorable circumstances on this white soil, and in the second place the frosty weather of last week got in its work. So our peaches this year for the most part will have to come from the red soil sections.

— Clinton *Democrat*: The dwelling of Mr. W. A. Hobbs in Hall's township was burned Friday. The fire caught on the roof from a spark. —— The cold snap of last week did considerable damage to fruits and early vegetables. Peaches are cut very short, and strawberries are badly set back. Huckleberries had a heavy blow, but inasmuch as the big blues had not yet bloomed, a good crop of this fine berry may be expected, barring a latter cold snap.

— Durham *Sun*: Callie Lockhart, a negro woman, was shot Tuesday afternoon at West Durham by Will Cozart, colored. The shot lodged in her breast about one and a half or two inches to the right near the shoulder. Her clothing caught on fire from the pistol. Cozart after the shooting made his escape, and although officers have been on the hunt for him up to this time he has not been caught. The woman who was shot and the man who did the shooting were lovers. Jealousy was at the bottom of the affair.

— Salisbury *Truth*: Revenue officers made a raid on a distillery near Boone, and captured 100 gallons of whiskey and about 3,000 gallons of beer. The three men in charge disappeared as the officers came in view. —— Will Champion, a white boy about 15 years of age, found a purse, belonging to J. H. Verble, on Inniss street. The purse contained about $30, and the boys, it seems, not knowing the value of the money gave it away right and left. Mr. Verble may recover the larger portion.

Seventy million people know Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, strengthens the system and gives good health. †

Weight Before and After Meals.

Why is it that a man does not weigh a pound more after eating a pound of food than he did before? A little reflection will readily explain this apparent mystery. During the process of mastication, deglutition, etc., certain muscles are brought into active play. Now it is a well established fact in physiology that the exercise of any muscle or set of muscles necessitates a temporary waste of tissue, and that a certain amount of carbon is eliminated and passed off during the course of a meal. This loss, however, is trifling as compared with that of respiration and perspiration, both of which functions are increased during the operation of making a meal.

The length of time one may take to consume a pound of food makes but little difference in the losses. If it be eaten leisurely there is but slight increase of respiration or perspiration, whereas, if it be hurried through, both are abnormally accelerated. Hence by the time the meal is finished the consumer has lost appreciably in both moisture and carbonic acid.

The above explains, in a rough but clear manner, why it is that a man may eat a pound of food and yet not weigh but from one-third to five-eighths of a pound more than he did before the meal. —St. Louis Republic.

A Wise Fish.

In Java they have a species of fish that carries a very useful gun with him wherever he goes. This queer fish is called the jaculator and his weapon is a combination air and water gun, which nature has provided him with. The jaculator has the power of puckering the mouth into a small, round tube and squirting water through it. He is such an expert gunner that when he observes a beetle or a fly on a twig above the water he invariably knocks the insect from his perch, even though the distance be five or six feet. There are seven other varieties of these water gun fishes, which are known as "sportsmen" and "gunners" on account of their queer habits.—St. Louis Republic.

A Good Excuse.

After the Duke of Wellington's victorious campaigns the University of Oxford complimented the duke himself and his principal officers by conferring upon them the honorary and not very appropriate degree of doctor of civil laws. At that time the fees were heavy, and one of the distinguished soldiers, who had gathered more honor than profit in the wars, declined the proffered degree in the following verse:

Oxford, I know you wish me well,
But prithee let me be.
I can't, alas, be D. C. L
For want of £ s. d.

It Fooled the Dog.

In a New York restaurant, where an orchestra plays during the evening dinner hour, one of the numbers recently was accompanied by a novel imitation of a feline Romeo serenading his Juliet. This so excited the feelings of the proprietor's fox terrier, which was tied in the cellar, that it set up a terrific barking and could not be quieted for an hour. The musician who imitated the cat was vastly pleased, and all the customers seemed greatly amused.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

PRIVACY NO LONGER.

SCIENCE INVADES EVERYTHING AND REVEALS ALL SECRETS.

As We Contemplate the Changes Made by Infant Science, We Marvel at the Results Which Will Follow When It Reaches the Age of Manhood.

Already science has made neighbors of erstwhile far sundered places. Already the feat of girding the earth in 40 minutes, once ascribed to magical power, has been left hopelessly behind by a new and scientific Puck. Already privacy has become well nigh impossible, even that of one's bodily interior being no longer guaranteed. Already science has so far conquered the enemies of life that the living are jostling each other for elbow room, and already the nations sleep—if they ever sleep—with their fingers on the trigger of the latest magazine rifle. If this be the case in the green tree, what may we expect in the dry? If infant science, only 75 years old, has brought this about, what will science in a state of manhood do for us? Another question intrudes itself here: Is the transformation, so far as it has gone, a gain? Are we the better or the happier for the achievements of applied science, or did men, before the new creator was born, live a more human—shall we say a more divine—life than is possible now? M. Berthelot has no reply to such queries. He is the embodiment of the spirit which wrests from nature ever new powers and turns them loose upon mankind to fulfill their destiny. It is not for the man of science to discriminate, for how does he know what goes to make a new earth? He also must fulfill his destiny.

Sometimes we read that the age of romance has passed, but ask the international congress of applied chemistry and you will probably hear that it is only just beginning; that the most fantastic dreams of our most imaginative men are to what will be as humble prose is to highest poetry. Who can doubt it? Who can forbear sometimes from attempting a conception of the "new earth?" And how little way can he whose imagination is most compact advance without a stagger and a fall? It is no wonder that science lifts her head and surveys the future with pride.

M. Berthelot promises a new man as well as a new earth. Given the second, the first is a necessity, for the old Adam in a reconstituted Eden would soon fall from grace again, unaided by the serpent, in whom, by the way, he no longer believes. Once more imagination runs riot. This new man—what is he to be? The new woman we know well enough to make description superfluous. The real question is whether we are to argue from this feminine to the as yet undetermined masculine. Let us hope not, for otherwise the lookout is extremely bad. It may be, however, that the new man of applied science will exemplify the mysterious law regulating forces which neither increase nor diminish, but swing backward and forward like the pendulum of the tides. As the woman becomes more and more mannish—of course, without being manly—will the new man become more and more womanish? We should like M. Berthelot to consider that point in the light of science, which is now, apparently, our only guide. Much depends on the solution of the problem, and it is a very serious consideration that nothing in the past can help us to it. M. Berthelot is reported as saying that "the entire social organization is being transformed amid conditions for the comprehension of which the past offers no suggestive precedents or data."

As Mr. Gilbert observes in a state of embarrassment, "Here's a pretty how d'ye do!" We are at sea as to the new man, without rudder or compass, and it is a mere toss up whether he may not turn out to be simply an old woman. Our personal concern, truly, is very small. The man of the present will last our time, and, with all his faults, he is good enough for us, especially as we know nothing better. But we are taught to identify ourselves with the race, and, doing so, the question as to man 500 years hence is one not only of uncertainty, but of painful interest. We shall not be able to repudiate him, but, on the other hand, he may disclaim us, just as many people nowadays scornfully reject the theory of man's descent from the ape. The subject is thus seen to be one of a very disquieting nature, and the sooner the international congress of applied chemistry or other learned body throws further light upon it the better. Surely science can give some inkling of what its own Adam is likely to be. We do not ask for particulars of his Eden, because we know that a railway will run through it, and that suffices, but curiosity as to the recreated gardener are inevitable. "A good man and an angel," exclaimed the late estimable Dr. Young, "these between. How thin the barrier!" We will hope for the angel, though science may not recognize such a creature.—London Telegraph.

A Woman "Foreman."

It is quite uncommon to find a woman "foreman" in a pressroom, but Miss Rena Challender of Manistee, Mich., holds that singular distinction. When only 16 years of age, she began her career at the case on the Luther Lance. At one time, while the editor was away, she did the entire work of the office—editing, typesetting and presswork. After a consolidation of the paper with another she worked at typesetting for a year and then was made foreman and intrusted with the management of the mechanical department. She was last year elected a member of Typographical union No. 89. She is also a member of the Woman's Press club of Michigan.

It Levels Rank.

In the London Pioneer Club for Women, to which all the "advanced" women belong, there is a simple device for leveling all the members, irrespective of their rank and title. Members are known by numbers instead of names.

On joining, each woman is given a number, based on the order of her membership, and to some extent she is known by the number, although addressing a person by her name is not prohibited. No. 2,908 may be a countess or a duchess, but, being an "advanced" woman, she is not vain of her worldly position and would rather be known by the numerals than by her title.—Pearson's Weekly.

So One Would.

One would think that woman, like the Roentgen rays, had only just been discovered, to judge from the incessant clamor, the virulent abuse, the exaggerated praise, with which she is daily greeted in newspapers and books.—Lowell (Mass.) Daily Mail.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption.

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The Prince's Cast Off Clothing.

As the Prince of Wales has set the pace in matters of fashion for many years past it is something of interest to know how his purchases are made. According to one of the British papers the prince never orders less than eight suits of clothes at a time, for each of which he pays the uniform price of $40. He never wears a pair of trousers more than four times, and since his valet does not fall heir to his wardrobe and as his discarded clothes are not among the perquisites of his valet, there is a stock of thousands of them at Marlborough house. At his death he will doubtless have as large a collection as did King George IV., the auction of whose clothes extended through three weeks. All the prince's clothes, old and new—except his hats, which for some reason are kept at Sandringham—are stored at Marlborough house in what is known as the "brushing rooms," where several men are kept busy looking after them. The uniforms and state robes alone at Marlborough house are insured for $20,000, so that his entire wardrobe must represent a very comfortable fortune.

A Costly Watch.

"While in Geneva some months ago," writes a correspondent, "I visited the principal watch works there and as a matter of curiosity asked the manager what was the highest priced watch that was made in Geneva. He said that the most expensive watch turned out in Switzerland was worth £140.

"This watch had a split second hand and struck the hours if needed. It also had in it a tiny musical box which played three distinct tunes. This watch, he said, was the finest that could be made, although one ornamented with diamonds or with gems worked into the case would of course run the price up into as many thousands as the purchaser desired.

"He said there had been one watch made in his establishment the cases of which had been studded with diamonds, and which had cost £3,400, but so far as the watch itself was concerned it was worth only £140."—Pearson's Weekly.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	8
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	4½	@	5
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	22	@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	8 00	@	9 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	42½
Virginia Meal	40	@	42½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Tallow	9	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	13	@	13½
Dairy, Cream	14	@	14½
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	16	@	18
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	6¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	18 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	9 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 25
Straight	4 75	@	5 00
Patent		@	5 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	9½
GRAIN—℔ bushel			
Corn, from store, bags—White	40	@	43½
Car load, in bags—White	39	@	40
Oats, from store	30	@	35½
Oats, Rust Proof	43½	@	45
Cow Peas	80	@	90
HIDES, ℔ ℔			
Green		@	7½
Dry		@	18
HAY ℔ 100 ℔—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	5
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	5	@	7½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER(city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, rosawed	15 00	@	16 00
Scantlings Planed	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	15 00
Dressed Flooring, rosawed	18 00	@	20 00
Sawed Flor and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbados, in hhds		@	30
" in bbls		@	32
Porto Rico, in hhds	26	@	28
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	22	@	24
" in bbls	24	@	25
Syrup, in bbls	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis		@	1 75
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	9 50
Rump		@	9 00
Prime		@	8 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	11
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	80
Lisbon		@	
Cadiz		@	
On 120 ℔ Sacks	60	@	65
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	3 00	@	3 50
Cypress Saps	1 50	@	2 00
Cypress Clear	2 50	@	3 00
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu		@	5½
Standard A		@	5½
White Ex. C		@	5
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4½
C, Yellow		@	4
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	3 50	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	7 00
Mill, Prime		@	6 00
Mill, Ordinary	4 00	@	5 00
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	4	@	4½
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 27 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 26½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 40 per bbl for Strained and $1 45 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quiet; $1 80 per barrel for Hard and $1 80 for Soft.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm, 25½c; rosin firm, $1 80, 1 85; tar firm, 90c; crude turpentine quiet, $1 80, 1 70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	53
Rosin	808
Tar	333
Crude Turpentine	7

Receipts same day last year—33 casks spirits turpentine, 395 bbls rosin, 211 bbls tar, 13 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 7c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4⅝	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6	" "
Low Middling	6⅝	" "
Middling	7	" "
Good Middling	7 5-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅝c.

Receipts—8 bales; same day last year, 153.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 60c; Fancy, 65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 40 to 43 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—85@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, bearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.35 to 3.25; seven inch, $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 5—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1¼@1¾ per cent., last loan at 1½ and closed at 1¼@1¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers bills at 487@487¼ for demand and 485¾@486 for sixty days. Posted rates 485¼ and 488@488½. Commercial bills 484¾. Silver certificates 61¾@63¾. Government bonds easy; fives, registered, 114; fives, coupon, 114; fours registered, 111; fours, coupon, 113¾; twos, registered, 96½. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 123½; North Carolina fours 102. Railroad bonds firm.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 5.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine firm 29½@30c.

CHARLESTON, April 5.—Rosin firm at $1 45. Spirits turpentine firm at 26½c.

SAVANNAH, April 5.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 27c, with sales of 676 casks. Rosin steady; water white $3 65, window glass $3 50, N $3 20, M $2 90, K $1 80, I $1 75, H $1 70, G $1 65, F $1 60, E $1 55, D $1 50, C $1 50, B $1 50, A $1 50. Sales 107 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 5—Evening.—Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 7 7-16c; middling gulf 7 11-16c; sales 494 bales.

Cotton futures opened firm; sales 7,000 bales: January 6 95, May 7 11, June 7 16, July 7 20, August 7 21, September 6 93, October 6 89, November —, December 6 93.

Futures closed barely steady; sales 121,300 bales; January 6 88, February 6 93, April 7 01, May 7 06, June 7 11, July 7 15, August 7 17, September 6 93, October 6 81, November 6 83, December 6 85.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 5 473 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,993 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 2,650 bales; forwarded 1,893 bales; sales 494 bales; sales to spinners 94 bales; stock (actual) 230 262 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 7,369 bales; exports to Great Britain 13,822 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 9,538 bales; stock 688,772 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 14,874 bales; exports to Great Britain 18,397 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 22,388 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6,364,000 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,751,771 bales; exports to France 614,614 bales; exports to the Continent 1,739,660 bales; to the Channel 5,481 bales.

April 5.—Norfolk, firm at 7¼, receipts 364 bales; Baltimore, dull at 7¾, receipts 235 bales; Boston, firm at 7¾, receipts 1,819 bales, Wilmington, quiet at 7, receipts — bales; Philadelphia, firm at 7 11-16, receipts 823 bales; Savannah, firm at 7, receipts — bales; New Orleans, not received; Augusta, steady at 7¼, receipts 191 bales; Charleston, firm at 7, receipts 397 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 5—Evening.—Flour—The market was dull and weak, with the demand checked by the break in wheat; city mill patents $4 70@4 95; do. clears $4 70@4 80; Minnesota patents $4 05@4 25; do. bakers $3 65@3 75. Wheat—Spot weak; No. 3 red free on board 80¾c, nominal; No. 1 Northern 81¾c afloat; No. 3 hard winter 75¾c free on board afloat; options opened weak, and with a few exceptions was heavy all day, closing at 1@1½c net decline; the weakness was produced by heavy cables, further liquidation, better crop news and the absence of export orders; No. 2 red May 75¼@76 5-16c, closed at 75¾c; June closed at 75¾c; July 74¼@75½c, closed at 74¾c; September 73¼@73c, closed at 72¾c. Corn—Spot weak, No. 2 39¾c at elevator and 40¾c afloat; steamer yellow 39¾c; options opened weak and sold off later under weak cables and sympathy with wheat, closing at ¼@¾c net loss; Apr. closed at 39¾c; May closed at 39¾c; July 31¼@31½c, closed at 31½c; September closed at 33¾c. Oats—Spot weak; No. 2, 23c; No. 3, 21c; No. 2 deliv

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AN EVERYDAY EVENT.

I've a letter in my pocket
That I would not, could not show,
For its dainty superscription
Was indited long ago,
And the dimpled hand that penned it
Was a hand I used to hold,
When we spooned among the shadows
Of the summer days of old.

She became my wife soon after,
And, upon our wedding day,
Handed me a little letter,
Saying, "Post it right away."
So I put it in my pocket,
With a vow to mail it soon,
But I had much to remember
On that busy day in June.

And today my clothing cleaner,
With an air of mystery,
Brought a package to my office,
To be opened secretly.
He is married. In the package,
Soiled and marred with crease and blot,
With its dainty superscription,
Was the letter I forgot.
—Chicago Record.

HIS FAVORITE ROLE.

Among my dearest memories of Italy is that of the evenings I used to spend in Venice with the Cavalier Cicogna, as he was known upon the stage. We usually sat in the garden of the Osteria until late into the night—sometimes tete-a-tete, sometimes in the company of old Captain Amati.

By the garden of the Osteria one is not to understand anything like that which the name, used elsewhere, might imply. It was simply a small courtyard about 12 feet square and was paved with slabs of marble. Four high walls inclosed it like a funnel, and from three of these the court was overlooked by windows and balconies which, as a rule, were festooned with grimy washings. But, unless one chose, he need see nothing of this, for above our table—there was space for only one—the branches of a noble vine interlaced to form a thick screen of foliage.

Thus one could sit here quite cool and comfortable, and, when the moon came up over the tall chimney tops and its silver lines threaded the dense mass of leaves and tendrils and dallied with the bottle of dark Trentino which stood on the mottled marble before us, this very garden became a little world full of poetry. Then was the place well suited to the tales of the Cavalier Cicogna.

In his jokes, anecdotes and stories, the Italy of the robbers and romantic wars, the Italy of the Austrian occupation and of secret conspiracies, the Italy of Garibaldi and Victor Emmanuel, and, not least of all—for Cavalier Cicogna had been one of the most distinguished impersonators of Doctor Bartolo and Dom Pasquale—the Italy of Rossini and Donizetti. Here the old man told us the story of Signor Campobassi, concerning which he declared somewhat violently, as was his wont, that the Madonna might withdraw her favor from him if every word were not the truth. The story which he had told us repeatedly, as was his custom, ran as follows:

"Are you familiar with Farli? No. Well, it does not lie on the regular route of tourists, and I am not surprised that you are not acquainted with it. But you know it by name, captain, do you not? And you have no doubt heard of Signor Campobassi—but only casually, eh? I knew him well. I have sat with him over Refosco as we sit here over this Trentino. He was a very agreeable comrade, and it grieved us all to lose him. The ladies adored him, for he was a slender, finely formed fellow, with the most beautiful eyes in the world and a mustache—as if the Madonna herself had meant him for a tenor. We men liked him because we had in him a true friend, and one who always stood ready to help with his purse or his dagger, and who had no trace of haughtiness about him, although he was the favorite of the public. He was one of those exceptional men who have not an enemy.

"But I forgot. Farli is in the vicinity of Rome, at the foot of the Abruzzi mountains, a small but rich and very flourishing town. It was in the fifties that I went thither with a newly formed company.

"Farli had a very spacious new theater. We pleased the public, did a thriving business and accordingly were well suited to stay there. But it was our primo tenore, Signore Campobassi, who awakened the most interest. Our impresario smiled contentedly whenever he chanced to mention him, and said, with a knowing look, 'That was the best hit I ever made.' I can still remember well to what straits he had been put for a tenor. He refused to lay out much money for one, and tenors, as a rule, are high in their prices. Then one day, as we were sitting in the cafe, Campobassi appeared, inquired for the director and asked him to try his voice. He said he was a peasant's son from the neighborhood of Areggo, but even as a child he had had such an ear for music that he knew by heart all the airs he had ever heard. It was the opinion among his acquaintances that he could sing finely, and so he had thought that he might make his fortune in the opera. Now, he had heard that Signor Mario was looking for a tenor, and so he had made haste hither to offer himself.

"Our impresario was a cunning fox and shook his head gravely at this. 'It would be a great deal of trouble to coach you,' he said. But Campobassi replied that on this account he would be content with a very small salary.

"Signor Mario still shook his head, but he took up his glass, contemplated for awhile the dissolving bits of ice and finally drank the remainder of his 'granito' with an air of decision.

"'Well, we will try it,' said he, 'Colleagues, if you have any desire to be present at the rehearsal, follow me.'

"We were all curious enough, so we started for the theater in spite of the midday heat. There Campobassi sang a couple of airs from the most familiar Operas, and the more he sang the more significantly did Mario wink at us. His fat, round face fairly shone and glowed for joy. Nevertheless at the end he said rather coolly, 'You will make us much work, Campobassi, but I will give you a trial.'

"As a matter of fact, the trouble he made us was very slight. He had such an extraordinary musical ear that he retained the most difficult passages if they had been sung before him only once correctly. In addition, he had a natural facility for acting; so that he was less awkward than many tenors of long experience. It is true his performances lacked artistic finish, but the crudities in his singing were atoned for by the stupendous 'material,' a voice which surmounted everything and was yet of the purest and most beautiful quality. Such a tenor had not been heard for many a day in Farli, and people thronged the theater only for the sake of hearing him. Campobassi was soon the idol of the Farlesi. If two men were found quarreling anywhere, one might be sure that Campobassi was the subject of the dispute, and if a maiden, lost in revery, appeared to see nothing and hear nothing, one might stake one's life that she was all the while seeing and hearing Campobassi.

"One forenoon, after rehearsal, we were sitting under the arcades of the Piazza dei Signori, drinking our coffee. We had been chatting about everything possible and impossible, and one of us at last turned the conversation to the subject of favorite roles. Each one named his own—I, Dr. Bartolo; Pedrocchi, Rigoletto. Mario said jokingly that his favorite opera was the one in which he had least to do. Campobassi was silent.

"At length we pressed him to confess his own preferences, but he shrugged his shoulders and replied, laughing: 'My favorite role? That is probably my own secret.'

"'No secrets among the colleagues,' grumbled Pedrocchi.

"'No secrets?' was Campobassi's answer. 'Well, perhaps I will play you my favorite role tonight.'

"'Oh, the Trovatore!' we exclaimed, for we were to bring out the opera on that day for the first time in Farli. Campobassi shrugged his shoulders again, and we broke off the conversation at this point, as our prima donna came toward us under the arcades.

"On the evening of the same day the 'Trovatore' was placed on the boards. All that Farli possessed of aristocracy and distinction was present at the theater that night. Not a seat was vacant. The great expectations which were cherished concerning Campobassi's performance were not disappointed. Here he could give himself free rein, and his voice rang through the house not like a tenor—no, like a choir of tenors. The applause would not cease, and Campobassi was called out repeatedly.

"At last came the 'Stretta.' Now the audience would surely be thrown into ecstasies, and we had not deceived ourselves. Wreath after wreath was flung from the boxes, all the people stamped their feet, clapped and cried 'Viva!' and 'Da Capo!' Finally Campobassi, smiling, made a gesture to signify that he would repeat the 'Stretta.' The storm was laid, and it grew suddenly so still in the theater that one could have heard the buzzing of a fly. We all stood there behind the scenes and beheld Campobassi step forward to the footlights, a departure from custom which did not strike us oddly, for tenors are allowed many liberties.

"But what was that? He was saying something in an undertone to the orchestra, and the musicians, who had already begun the opening bars, broke off in their playing. Instead of the notes of the 'Stretta' we heard Campobassi speak—speak words which made the blood stiffen in our veins, which threw such a spell over us that we were unable to stir from the spot long after Campobassi had finished his speech.

"I can remember it as vividly as if it had all happened yesterday. 'Honored patrons and citizens of Farli,' he began—and probably at this point he made one of his consummately graceful bows—'I thank you for the affection you have shown for me, the more since this is my farewell appearance. After tonight you will, I fear, hardly care to hear me again. I beg you will all remain quietly in your seats, for then, upon my honor, not a hair of any one's head shall be molested. Any movement can only lead to mischief, for my men are patrolling the corridors and all the exits are guarded. Nor can help come to you from the direction of the stage, for the enlarged chorus which has tonight sung so valiantly consists, for the most part, of my own people, and they also are well furnished with weapons. I am, honored patrons, the Fra Angelo whose name is certainly well known to you. I, too, am armed, as you see, and these pistols are well loaded. But far be it from me to inflict any injury upon you who have shown me so much consideration—my word for that. At this very moment a member of the chorus has already taken our honored impresario in charge. That I shall not exact tribute of my colleagues you will naturally infer. On the other hand, honored patrons, I have often provided entertainment for you, and it is on that account justifiable that I should require some recompense from you, more especially since our impresario has paid me an honorarium which my sense of shame will not permit me to name. So have the kindness, good people, to deliver your watches, rings, chains, purses and the like with all alacrity to those who will now pass from seat to seat. The exits are guarded, as I have remarked, and the more generously and quietly you perform your part the quicker will this business be accomplished. In the meantime I will ask the orchestra to play some favorite airs, which may serve as an agreeable distraction for those who have discharged their obligations.'

"In truth, the orchestra did commence to play, and, as we learned later, everything passed off as Fra Angelo had wished. As a matter of fact, all his threats had been superfluous, for the name of the famous bandit had alone sufficed to render every one helpless.

"Fra Angelo supervised the entire transaction from the stage, said a few words of thanks when it was ended, then turned toward the flies. As he passed us he clapped me laughingly on the shoulder and said, 'Did I not tell you, Cicogna, that I should play my favorite role tonight?'

"With that he vanished, and we rushed terrified out into the open air. The audience streamed out at the doors in unwonted haste, and the first among them had already summoned the guardians of the so called public safety. A few moments later the signals of the carabinieri sounded through the streets of the town, but of Fra Angelo and his men not a trace was to be found."—From the German For Short Stories.

Wherein Stephens Differed With Toombs.

Once at Liberty Hall I was present when General Toombs made a statement that was here and there punctured with mild profanity. He concluded thus, "Don't you agree with me, Mr. Stephens?" The old commoner piped out shrilly, "All but the damn, general, all but the damn."—Augusta Chronicle.

In Germany, Russia, Austria, Spain, Portugal, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Holland, Belgium, Switzerland, Chile, Venezuela and Colombia the number of women is greater than that of the male population.

Velvet.

Velvet! We shall surely wear it. If present indications do not fail, velvet will be the material of the season, and black velvet at that. So every maid must be prepared to have her best gown of this material.

These gowns will be severely made, with little attempt at adornment. The skirt will be narrow, although cut to flare considerably about the feet. They will be long enough to just sweep the ground. The sleeves will be tight fitting, with a small puff. Many of the gowns will have jet trimmings.

Indeed, we are on the verge of another black and white wave, to judge from present indications.

Large black hats, with waving plumes and white wings, are appearing on cooler days.

A charming gown for a young matron's at home is of white satin, rows of narrow jet passementerie outlining the seams. Careful handling reveals the fact that the satin is of poor quality, but the effect of an expensive material has been secured by interlining it with thin shaker flannel. It is wonderful how much this device improves its appearance.

White satin and jet will be a favored combination.—New York Advertiser.

The Winter Shirt Waist.

A young woman stood in front of a mirror, viewing with satisfaction her freshly starched shirt waist. She fastened the neat belt and pocketbook at her waist, then gave a last lingering little pat to the crisp tie at her neck. She laughed as she turned to join her friend and said: "I was not admiring myself; it was the waist. Was there ever anything like them? I simply cannot live without them. I feel better and look better in these stiff standing collars than anything else. The higher they are the better I like them. And, do you know, I've decided to wear shirt waists all winter. I am going to make them of some of these inexpensive dark silks, blue stripes, etc., and wear my linen collar and cuffs with them. Won't that be sensible? There's no way a woman looks as neat as in these belted waists, and," here she arose, picked up her gloves preparatory to going, "aren't they the most blissfully comfortable things in the world?"

Her idea was greeted with much enthusiasm by her companion, who said: "All right; we'll just look at some silks while we're out. Everything is so cheap now." And they hastened on their expedition.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Won't Make Bloomers.

Mandy, the famous Paris modiste, refuses to make bloomers for his customers. Asked to give his reason, he said: "The quantity of cloth makes the bloomers unbearable in hot weather, and it is impossible to keep them clean. The dirt and dust come in between the plaits and folds, necessitating incessant brushing, and they never look really clean, especially when made in dark colors. On the wheel they neither improve a bad figure nor show off a good one. The rider with small limbs and hips looks ridiculous in them, while the rider with large hips, who takes to the bicycle to reduce her weight, dressed in bloomers, is a bad advertisement for her tailor or dressmaker and the laughing stock of people of good taste. No woman with a good figure should hide it in bloomers, and there is hardly a first class tailor who would willingly undertake to make them for figures good or bad."

A Steel Petticoat.

Many fashionable dressmakers are shocked by the appearance upon the scene of a steel petticoat. This tormentor comes from Paris and is made of the finest material. It is destined to be worn with the widest of the new skirts to keep them well spread out. Though the modistes are aware of the presence of the steel petticoat, also the bustle and the hoopskirt, yet they decry all knowledge of their use and anticipate a decided movement against all such artificial and unhealthful aids to eccentric fashion in America. There is no doubt that the metropolitan dressmakers are doing all they can to ward off the hoopskirt and its annexes. As a rule, they are personally against their adoption, according to one of their number here.—New York Letter.

Cutting Fur.

Never use scissors to cut fur. Place the wrong side of the fur upward and chalk carefully and plainly upon it the shape to which you wish to cut it, and then insert the point of a sharp penknife on the chalk lines, not with the fur lying on the table or with anything under it, but holding it in the hand. Keep the point of the penknife downward and run it along the line.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal. Mrs. Annie Stchie, 2035 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Get a bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEB. 8, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.50 a m, Warsaw 11.11 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.50 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 3.30 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 9.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 46—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.20 p m, Wilson 11.05 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.50 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.54 a m, Richmond 4.50 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.16 a m, New York 2.35 p m, Boston 5.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND.

DAILY 2.35 P M — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.32 p m, Chadbourn 5.04 p m, Marion 6.05 p m, Florence 6.45 p m, Sumter 8.45 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.15 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.30 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.13 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.19 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.09 p m, Magnolia 4.18 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.30 p m, Washington 3.55 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.19 p m, †Norfolk 5.30 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.05 p m, Rocky Mount 7.45 a m, leave Wilson 8.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.50 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.35 a m, Sanford 2.19 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 8.50 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.45 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.15 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 6.32 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 55 a m, Greenville 8 51 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 20a m, Weldon 11.43 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.30 a m and 2 00 p m; arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 5 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 10.10 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 35 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.50 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.30 a m., Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 9.33 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.25 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 6 a m, Nashville 6.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.30 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 43 a m, Rowland 10 05 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.00 p m, arrives Dillon 5.52 p m, Latta 6.09 p m, Pee Dee 6.30 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway at 2.35 p m, Chadbourn 4.30 p m, arrive Hub 6.00 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 44 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 6.36 a m, Manning 9.00 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 5.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 5 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 26 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 5.10 p m, arrive Darlington 5.40 p m, Hartsville 9 15 p m, Bennettsville 9.50 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.37 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 p m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 27 p m, arrive Florence 6 55 p m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.05 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.50 p m, Smithfield 5.56 p m, Dunn 6.35 p m, Fayetteville 4.15 p m. 1.10 a m, Rowland 5.35 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.30 a m, 10.30 p m, Dunn 12.07 a m, Smithfield 12.40 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 30 a m, Creston 5 23 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, arrive 6 07 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m; arrives Creston 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.15 a m and 7.40 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.40 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliot 8.05 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. feb 9 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND			STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND		
No 54	No 52			No 51	No 53	
A M	P M		—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M	
	3 00	Lv	Walnut street	Ar	12 40	
† 00	3 10	Lv	Navy Yard	Ar	12 30	
9 00		Ar	Jacksonville	Lv		2 25
11 00	5 55	Lv	"	Ar	10 43	10 25
11 55	6 30	Lv	Maysville	Lv	10 00	9 18
12 20	6 44	Lv	Pollocksville	Lv	9 35	8 53
1 00	7 30	Ar	Newbern	Lv	9 00	8 00
P M					A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 5 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
†Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
‡Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. may 22 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.		
3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.				4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.	
Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.			A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 20	Goldsboro		11 20	.....
.....	4 13	Kinston		10 23	.....
5 15	5 35	Newbern		9 17	9 20
6 27	6 46	Morehead City		8 01	8 07
P. M.	P. M.			A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 20 a m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.
Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 8.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 5.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.
S. L. DILL, Sup't.
mar 27 tf

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ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS.
DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE
TO
ATLANTA, CHARLOTTE,
ATHENS, WILMINGTON,
NEW ORLEANS,
CHATTANOOGA
AND
NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA,
WASHINGTON, NORFOLK,
RICHMOND.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEB. 7, 1897.

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 30 p m	.....
Leave Lumberton	5

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1897

THE NEW TARIFF.

Secretary of the Treasury Issues Instructions to Collectors of Customs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 5—The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular of instructions to customs officers throughout the country carrying into effect section 27 of the pending tariff bill. This section requires the Secretary of the Treasury to make provisions for the collection of increased rates of duties contemplated by the bill, and with that view he is required to retain samples of goods purchased and imported after April 1, 1897, and prior to the date on which the bill becomes a law. The circular says:

"To collectors and other officers of the customs: Under the authority conferred upon the Secretary of the Treasury by section 249 Revised Statutes, chief officers of customs are hereby instructed to delay until further orders the final liquidation of entries, made at the respective ports, of any merchandise arriving thereat after the first day of April, 1897 But liquidations may be tentatively made, and such liquidations shall not be closed and stamped, but shall be open during the pendency of this order so as to be amended or corrected if necessary. Tnese directions shall not be applied, however, to any entries made after April 1, 1897, of merchandise which was purchased and directed by the owner to be shipped for import into the United States by any person prior to April 1, 1897.

"Hereafter all entries for consumption, except those specified in the preceding paragraph, shall be stamped in red ink by the clerks respectively passing the same under the direction of the collector, with the following words: 'Subject to change of rates if required by law.'

"Appraising officers will, whenever practicable, retain such samples of imported merchandise as may be necessary to determine any question hereafter arising relative to the proper identification and classification for duty of such merchandise."

RELIEF OF FLOOD SUFFERERS.

The President Will Send a Special Message to Congress Asking Immediate Action.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The situation in the flooded Mississippi district is being earnestly inquired into by the President, and to-day the Arkansas Congressional delegation, headed by Senator Jones, called upon Mr. McKinley to urge upon him the advisability of sending a special message to Congress urging appropriation for the relief of the flood sufferers. A delegation of citizens from Memphis, headed by Representative Cormack, also called on the same mission. Mr. McKinley has already telegraphed the Governors of the States in which the floods exist for information, and he has practically decided to send a special message to Congress to-morrow or Wednesday on the subject, with a recommendation that such legislation for the relief of the sufferers as Congress may deem fit be enacted without delay. The $350,000 appropriated a few days ago and placed at the disposal of the Mississippi Commission can be used only in repairing breaks in the levees, strengthening them at weak places, etc. The President has received telegrams from Governors Foster, of Louisiana, Jones, of Arkansas, and McLaurin, of Mississippi, in regard to the flood situation and the extent of suffering in their States.

Representative McMillin this afternoon received the following telegram from Gov. Taylor of Tennessee: "Have our delegation urge appropriation for flood sufferers. Property and life can be saved by speedy action."

GEN GOMEZ WOUNDED

Sergeant of Guerillas Imprisoned for Killing a British Engineer.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, April 5 — The correspondent of the *La Lucha*, at Santi Spiritus confirms the report that General Maximo Gomez has been slightly wounded by the explosion of a shell. General Beraal and Gen Masco returned to Spain on Saturday. They are invalided.

Callado, the sergeant of the guerillas who killed Henry Dabregon, the British engineer, at his home last autumn in Cartagena under peculiarly atrocious circumstances, has been imprisoned at Cienfuegos on the charge of murder.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Jacksonville, Tampa & Key West Railway was offered for sale by Special Master Eagen this morning but there were no bidders and the sale was again postponed.

The Supreme Court of the United States yesterday granted the motion to advance the case of the Joint Traffic Association, but set it for the second Monday in October term, thus refusing a hearing for the present term.

Sylvester Scovel, of Cleveland, Ohio, the Cuban correspondent of the New York *World*, who recently released from a Spanish prison, was married yesterday to Miss Frances Cabanna at the home of the bride's parents, Mr and Mrs S. A. Cabanna at St. Louis. Mr and Mrs Scovel will leave this week for Athens, where the former will act as a war correspondent for the *World*.

A special to the Atlanta *Journal* from Perry, says that Richard H. Clark, formerly of Atlanta, a son of the late Judge Richard H. Clark, was shot and killed Sunday night by Joe Brown Irby. Clark went to Irby's home with the intention of killing him. Irby is a farmer in charge of W. D. Day's plantation, three miles from Perry, where the tragedy occurred.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

TIME TO ACT.

SPAIN HAS MADE HERSELF AN "OUTLAW NATION"

Resolution Passed Calling on the President to Protest Against Execution of Rivera—Question of Recognizing Cuban Belligerency Comes Up To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 5—The Senate, by a unanimous vote, adopted Mr. Allen's resolution reciting the reports that Gen. Ruiz Rivera, the Cuban commander, is about to be tried by drumhead court-martial and shot, and expressing the judgment of the Senate that if these reports are true the President of the United States should protest to the Spanish Government against such a violation of the rules of civilized warfare. This resolution does not go to the House of Representatives, and becomes effective as a measure of advice to the President by its adoption to-day. Although opposition was withdrawn on the final vote, there was spirited opposition in the early stages of the debate and a test vote on the comparative strength of the Cuban and anti-Cuban sentiment in the Senate. The test occurred on a motion to refer the resolution to the Committee on Foreign Relations. Mr. Hale of Maine, Republican, who has been prominently identified with the opposition to Cuban resolutions, made the motion to refer, and it was supported by Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, another prominent figure in the opposition to Cuban resolutions. The debate was very spirited and at times quite personal. The Hale motion to refer was defeated—21 to 37—and the resolution adopted—44 to 0. Mr. Hoar and Mr. Hale refrained from voting.

Another Cuban resolution comes up to-morrow—that of Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba and recognizing both parties as belligerents.

Late in the day a joint resolution by Mr. Bate, of Tennessee, was agreed to directing the Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service to aid the Mississippi river flood sufferers by the distribution of tents, blankets, food and medicine under the epidemic fund of 1893, and to purchase further supplies under the present epidemic fund for similar distribution.

The Cuban question then came up on the resolutions of Mr. Allen and Mr. Morgan heretofore introduced. Mr. Allen urged immediate adoption of his resolution. He emphatically dissented, he said, from the proposition that the American Congress must sit idly by while this savage and barbarous contest proceeded at our very threshold. Within one hundred miles of our shore women and children were being butchered, and the methods of civilized warfare set at defiance. Murder, rape and devastation were playing their part in the destruction of the island. And were we, a Christian people, he asked, willing to sit by and not raise a voice in defence of these people. Mr. Allen declared that Spain's course had been one of bloodshed and cruelty. This was so notably true as to recent events in the Phillipine islands and in Cuba that Spain had made herself an "outlaw nation," not entitled to recognition by civilized countries. It was time for us to act, declared the Senator.

"If the President of the United States will send our navy to Cuba," exclaimed Mr. Allen, "and warn Spain that she must observe the methods of civilized warfare or that every Spanish seaport will be razed to its foundation, hostilities would cease and Cuba would be free within three months."

Mr. Allen again took the floor, addressing himself frequently to Mr. Hoar in person. "The danger to General Rivera was not rumor and in so characterizing it, the Massachusetts Senator showed his 'weakness and puerility.' The American people knew the facts and the Massachusetts Senator knew them—that Rivera was about to be tried and shot.

"I wish I had the power to land United States soldiers on the island of Cuba and to send our fleets there," said Mr. Allen, "and the Spanish forces would be ground to infinitessimal pieces or this barbarity would end." Mr. Hale of Maine, Republican, said that he would be willing to pass a resolution inquiring of the State Department what information it had in the matter. The Senate had had experience in taking steps based on newspaper rumors, which it afterwards regretted. Therefore he moved the reference of the resolution to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. Stewart of Nevada, Populist, spoke of the war as brutal and disgraceful to the civilization of the age.

Speaking of the atrocities of the Cuban war Mr. Gallinger said that he knew of an incident, not denied, that the Spanish soldiers had cut to pices twelve Cuban children merely to show how artistically they could slash them. It was time to terminate this state of barbarity on that island, such as curdled the blood of every American heart. It was time that Spain should be given to understand that this was the nineteenth century.

After the defeat of the motion to refer the resolution to the committee, Mr. Bacon of Georgia, Democrat, suggested that it be amended so as to read, "if such report is found to be true," and Mr. Gray that the word "President" be substituted for "Government," both of which amendments were accepted by Mr. Allen. Then Mr. Hoar proposed that "information has come to the Senate" be substituted for "it is reported." Mr. Allen remarked that he saw no difference, but Mr. Hoar contended that there was a great difference, and Mr. Allen said, "I'll accept anything to save this man's life."

The resolution was adopted without a dissenting vote.

At 4 85 the Senate held a brief executive session and then adjourned.

Ex-Governor McKinney, of Virginia, who has been ill for several weeks, has suffered a relapse and his condition for the past two days has been extremely serious. He was more comfortable last night, but grave apprehension is felt on the part of his family and attending physicians.

Paine's Celery Compound

is the

Best Spring Medicine In The World

It makes the weak strong. We sell and recommend it.

For sale at ROBERT R. BELLAMY'S, Northwest Cor. Front and Market Sts

mar 18 tf

NORTH CAROLINA R. R. LEASE

The Hearing At Greensboro To-Day—Important Persons Arrive—People Aroused—The Governor Indignant and Defiant.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GREENSBORO, N. C., April 5.—The lobby of the Benbow House is well filled to-night with important personages, the occasion being the hearing to take place to-morrow before Judge Simonton, of the United States Circuit Court, in the matter of the temporary injunction by him in two cases against the Governor of the State. The first case restrains the Governor or Attorney General or directors of the North Carolina Railroad from bringing any suit to annul the lease of the North Carolina Railway to the Southern Railway. The second restraining order forbids the Governor from appointing the State proxy or any other officer of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad created under the act of the Legislature recently assembled. The first case, it is claimed by complainants, is simply to quiet title and equity is claimed for a foreign corporation. The second case the complainants rest upon that clause of the Constitution forbidding any State to pass any law impairing the obligation of a contract. Those representing the railroad are Messrs Crawford, of Chicago, John G. Carlisle, ex Secretary of the Treasury, outside of the State, and in the State. Captain Charles Price, Col. James E. Boyd, Fabius H. Busbee, general counsel Henderson, of Tennessee, ex-Supreme Court Judge Burwell. The defendants are represented by ex-Supreme Court Judges Avery and McRae and W. C. Day, counsel for the Seaboard Air Line. Besides these gentlemen, who are now here, there have arrived also Col. A. B. Andrews, vice president of the Southern, and the directors of the North Carolina Railway, as well as many prominent lawyers from all parts of the State. The cases, especially the first, are the culmination of a heated fight that has been going on several months. While the opinion was somewhat divided at first as to the merits in the matter of the North Carolina Railway lease, feeling has been much stirred since the injunction against the Southern Railway as well as Judge Simonton and Federal courts in general. It is expected that the proceedings to-morrow may develop in warmness of words not customary in a United States Court, for the fact is the people are not a little aroused, and the Governor indignant and defiant. Neither he nor the Attorney General will be here. Judge Simonton arrived this afternoon.

CAPE FEAR CAMP, U. C. V.

Annual Meeting and Election of Officers—Delegates Appointed to the Reunion at Nashville—Other Business Transacted.

The annual meeting and election of officers of Cape Fear Camp No. 354 United Confederate Veterans, was held last night at 8 30 o'clock at the Court House. The meeting was called to order by Commander L. S. Belden, and after the reading of the minutes by Adjutant Henry Savage, was opened for the transaction of business.

Col. A. M. Waddell reported for the committee on school history.

A letter from the Chaplain General of the United Confederate Veterans, Rev. J. Wm. Jones, of Albemarle county, Va., was read; it was to the effect that the writer would be in this city during the session of the Southern Baptist Convention and would be glad to deliver a sermon Sunday, May 9th, to the veterans on either of the following subjects: "The Christian Character of Robt. E. Lee," "The Christian Character of Stonewall Jackson." "Christ in Camp," or "Religion in Lee's Army."

On motion of Col. Waddell, it was decided to invite Mr. Jones to deliver his sermon on the "Christian Character of Robt. E. Lee," and Rev. Jas. Carmichael, Col. A. M. Waddell and Mr. J. C. Stevenson were appointed a committee to make all the necessary arrangements.

On motion, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term:

Commander—L. S. Belden.

First Vice Commander—G. W. Huggins.

Second Vice Commander—F. W. Kerchner.

Adjutant—Henry Savage.

Sergeant Major—C. W. Yates.

Treasurer—R. F. Hamme.

Chaplain—Rev. Jas. Carmichael, D. D.

Surgeon—Dr. J. C. Shepard.

Col. W. J. Woodward addressed the meeting in regard to the Nashville, Tenn., Exposition. The following were appointed delegates to the reunion, which takes place in Nashville during the Exposition: Col. A. M. Waddell, Col. F. W. Kerchner, Capt. L S Belden, Capt. Henry Savage, Capt. J. I. Metts, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, Dr. J. C. Shepard and Mr. C. W. Yates.

Alternates—Messrs. C. H. Ganzer, Geo. W. Huggins, O. M. Filyaw, P. H. Smith, C. H. King, J. R. Marshall, P. Heinsberger and W. G. McRae.

Commander Belden was instructed to fill all vacancies.

Col. F. W. Kerchner and Mr. T. D. Meares were appointed to attend to the transportation and accommodation.

At 10 o'clock the meeting adjourned.

News reaches Norfolk, Va., from Old Point Comfort that Miss Emily Thorn Chamberlin, a daughter of the late John Chamberlin, of hotel fame, is about to enter a comic opera company.

A Lie.

Tim Healy is beginning to acquire a reputation as a story teller. An eminent queen's counsel, he said the other day, once gave the following recommendation to a gentleman who proposed to swear an affidavit after having already sworn an affidavit in exactly a contrary sense in the course of the suit. "Never," remarked the queen's counsel, "swear an affidavit when your previous affidavit to the contrary effect is in possession of the court. Because, my young friend," he added, "that would be a lie."

Germans Playing Chess.

One can scarcely take up a German paper or magazine which does not have its special column or corner devoted to chess and its interests. The children are set to work on simple chess puzzles in their papers, while the magazines for older readers present problems which seem almost hopeless of solution to an inexperienced player. There are chess clubs, chessrooms, chessbooks and chess players without number.

In 1805 St. Thomas was devastated by fire, government and other property to the value of $30,000,000 being destroyed.

MOSIC, N. C., March 6, 1897.—I was very weak, had no appetite and was afflicted with asthma. After taking a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla my appetite returned, I felt stronger and the asthma was relieved. S. A. MORRIS.

HOOD'S PILLS assist digestion.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES ABSORB ATTENTION.

Case of Howell vs Harris Postponed—The Governor Preparing His Answer to Restraining Order—Ball Game Between Wake Forest and Philadelphia Teams—Increase in Raleigh Postoffice Receipts.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 5.

This old town is absorbed in the Democratic primaries which occur this evening. In the First ward, which is overwhelmingly Democratic, there is a contest among the prohibition Democrats and those who do not favor the prohibition idea. Yesterday a leading minister took occasion in his pulpit to denounce an alderman who sells liquor. At another church, the stewards' meeting, which has always been held on Monday night, was postponed so that the stewards might attend the primaries.

It is announced that Mrs. Darby's appointment as executive clerk to the Governor is made permanent.

The trial of the case of Logan D. Howell and J. C. Logan Harris, which was to have come up this morning before Justice Marcom, was continued by consent.

Mr. Chas A. Cook, the Representative from Warren county, is here in consultation with the Governor. Gov. Russell is to day preparing his answer to Judge Simonton's restraining order which comes up for hearing in Greensboro to-morrow. The answer will be sent to Greensboro this evening. Governor Russell will not be present at the hearing, but will be represented by his counsel. A large number of prominent railway officials and attorneys will go from Raleigh.

Wake Forest and the Boston League team will play here next Thursday. The Philadelphia League team cancels its game.

The receipts in the Raleigh postoffice for the fiscal year ending April 6, 1897, are $39 583.19. For the past four years there has been an increase of $2,000 in receipts each year. There is no surer index to the growth of a town than the postoffice receipts. Raleigh has the reputation of handling more second-class mail than any office in the United States of the same rank. This is a second-class postoffice.

IS SHE A FILIBUSTER?

The Tug Alexander Jones Taken to Fernandina and Held as a Suspect—Captain Adkins Protests.

A special to the Savannah *News* from Fernandina, April 4th, says:

The *Vesuvius* arrived here late last night from Jacksonville, and in coming over the bar she spoke the tug *Alexander Jones*, of Wilmington, and took her in charge and brought her to this port.

An officer has been placed aboard of the tug, and Capt. J. J. Adkins, of the *Jones*, has protested and left the tug in the Government's hands, and notified the officials that he would hold them responsible for every minute he was detained by them, as he holds contract for work in the harbor which he was on his way here to do.

The *Alexander Jones* belongs to the Wilmington Pilots' Association. It is thought in official circles that this boat was to have taken an expedition out here last night, but there are no signs of arms and men to be found in the vicinity. It is also rumored that the representative of the Spanish Government has made a big mistake.

The *Vesuvius* is still in port, and has the port well guarded against anything of a filibustering nature. The tug *Alex Jones* is lying at the railroad docks with her steam very low.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., April 4.—A telephone message from Fernandina to the *Times-Union* states that the tug *Alexander Jones* was brought in there last night in charge of an officer of the *Vesuvius* The Government vessel came in to-day. The tug was seized on Cumberland Sound on suspicion of being a filibuster, but as nothing suspicious was found on her she was held on the charge of violating the navigation laws, being without lights when seized by the *Vesuvius*. The cruiser was out all night, and her appearance spoiled a large expedition that was ready to sail from that place. The tug *Panama* was lying at the dock there at midnight with several large barges alongside of her loaded with arms and ammunition. When the *Jones* came in they took alarm, and the barges were run off up the St. Mary's river and hid, so that when the *Vesuvius* came in she found nothing suspicious on the tug. As the tug was fired up and had a big lot of coal on, she was viewed with suspicion. The *Jones* had a lot of coal on, it is said, and a very large crew for so small a vessel.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, April 5.—The tug *Alex. Jones*, which was seized by the *Vesuvius* at Fernandina Saturday night, is still detained, but no charge has been preferred. The captain denies that he was doing anything but waiting for tows, although suspicions indicate otherwise. The tug will probably be fined for violation of the navigation laws, for not displaying the proper lights. The *Vesuvius* returned here to-day but reported nothing new. Captain Pillsbury evidently made a mistake in not waiting for the *Bermuda* to speak the *Jones*, when it could have been caught as well.

How the Truckers Fared.

The *Truckers' and Planters' Journal*, published at Chadbourn, Columbus county, says: "For over a week past while the North suffered from terrific blizzards, this section has been kept in a fever of uncertainty by a period of high winds threatening frost. When our fruit growers at last began to breathe easier, suddenly the clouds cleared and Saturday night the thermometer rested at twenty-six above, giving us quite a severe frost. Sunday was warmer, but that night all the evaporation was precipitated in a heavy white frost. Monday it turned warm and since the weather man has been his old self again. It was at first thought that all fruit was killed and that at least one-third of the strawberry crop was destroyed. Since the plants have been uncovered, it appears that the damage was much lighter and that the size of the crop will not be materially affected. Most of the fruit trees also escaped and all considered, we might have fared much worse."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The Annual Meeting

OF THE CLARENDON YACHT CLUB will be held Tuesday evening, April 6, at 8 o'clock, at the room of the Board of Audit and Finance. A full attendance is desired.

C. H. ROBINSON, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer.

apr 4 2t

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Found, on the railroad track at Ocean View, last Sunday, a pistol. The owner can have it by calling at this office and paying for this ad. ap 4 1t

For rent immediately—A Two-story House with 9 rooms, including bath room, on Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth, No. 406. Apply to J. F. Kulfs, corner Fourth and Walnut streets. apr 4 3t

Plants for sale—Tomato, Cabbage, Egg Plant, Parsley, Pepper, Pansy, Tuberoses, Chrysanthemums. Expect a large consignment of young Roses and other plants by Wednesday. If in need of any call at 104 South Front street. W. J. Kirkham. mar 28 1m

Call No. 346 Bell Telephone when in need of Fine Candies manufactured daily. Fresh Fruit received by every steamer. "Jamaica Bananas" a specialty this week. My "Ice Cream" parlor is now open. Andrew Mavronichols, 705 North Fourth street. mar 21 tf

At N. Paul's, 304 Princess street, you can obtain the best of Candy, Fruit, etc., at the lowest price. Ice Cream Parlors open every night, and after June 1st open all night. Call Bell 'Phone 342 and your wants will be supplied. mar 14 1m

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98 mar 13 tf

L. K. Williams, 128 Market street, does first-class Laundry. Many people prefer Chinese laundry to any other. Try him. Shirts 10c, Collars 2c, Cuffs 2c. Satisfaction guaranteed. mar 10 tf

M. C. Benson, No 5 South Water street, makes a specialty of Beef Cattle, Mutton and Milk Cows. Consignments of country produce solicited. Seven years experience. Give me a trial. mar 6 tf

Hayden, F. R., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. 281

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Watch This Space for Announcement of Opening Our New Store.

E. Warren & Son.

ap 4 tf

Water Ground Meal.

1,000 Bushels Virginia Meal.
1,000 Barrels and Bags Flour.
1,200 Bushels Peanuts.
1,500 Bushels Corn.
1 100 Bushels Feed Oats.
1,200 Pounds Candy.
1,200 Pounds Soaps.

W. B. COOPER.

mar 28 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Norton Yam Seed Potatoes.

A nice lot of Norton Yam Slips, for Seed.

Early Rose Seed Potatoes.

Mapes' Potato Manure, the best Fertilizer on the market for Potatoes.

A full line of heavy and fancy Groceries.

Drugs, Nails, Hoop Iron, Spirit Casks, Glue, Bungs, etc. Call or write for prices.

D. L. GORE,

120, 122 & 124 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C.

mar 31 tf

This Week

AT THE "UNLUCKY CORNER"

CODFISH

With which to prepare that old time Breakfast Standby, Codfish Balls.

A few extra nice Mixed Nuts.

PRICES?

S. W. SANDERS.

apr 4 tf

Potatoes, Potatoes,

IRISH EATING POTATOES,

SWEET POTATOES and

Early Rose Seed Potatoes.

A few barrels choice Houlton Rose left. Order early before they are gone.

Baldwin and Russett Apples.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

mar 2 D&W tf

Assignee's Sale

—OF—

Boots, Shoes, &c.

BEGINNING MONDAY, MARCH 15TH, 1897 I will sell the stock of

Boots, Shoes, Tobacco and Cigars

contained in the store northeast corner of Market and Front streets, at greatly reduced prices. Parties wishing good foot wear can secure bargains.

Terms of sale cash.

A. J. HOWELL, Assignee of Henry Burkhimer.

mar 14 tf

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE SUPERVISING Architect, Washington, D. C., March 23, 1897.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 2 o'clock P. M. on the 20th day of April, 1897, and opened immediately thereafter, for all the labor and materials required for the erection and completion, except heating apparatus, of the New Ward Building for the U. S. Marine Hospital at Wilmington, N. C., in accordance with the drawings and specification, copies of which may be had at this office or at the office of the Custodian at Wilmington, N. C. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for a sum not less than 2 per cent. of the amount of the prop sal. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids or to waive any defect or informality in any bid should it be deemed in the interest of the Government to do so. All proposals received after the time stated will be returned to the bidders. WM. MARTIN AIKEN, Supervising Architect.

mar 27 6t sat tue thr

What You Need

IS A NEW SPRING HAT, AND YOU are going to buy one soon. You will make a big mistake if you buy without examining my new stock, which embraces all the latest styles.

apr 4 tf HAMME, THE HATTER.

Shippers of Truck

WILL FIND IT CONVENIENT TO USE Air Cushion Rubber Stamps, as they always make a good impression on a wood surface. Seal Presses Stamp Pans, Key Tags, Stamp Ink &c—enough to fill your Pad.

WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS, 15 Princess street.

'Phone 340. apr 4 tf

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE THIS day sold out my entire interest in the Cigar and Tobacco business of J. R. Smith. All accounts due said firm will be paid to said J. R. Smith, and all accounts due by said firm are to be paid by J. R. Smith. This March 27th, 1897.

apr 4 till my 1 WILLARD SMITH.

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, loans and insurance attended to promptly. I need no loan o d city real estate. apr 4 tf

NOTICE.

Mrs. Taylor

—OF—

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

After a few weeks' stay in the Northern Markets has succeeded in selecting and bringing with her the

Most Stylish Trimmed Pattern Hats

ever brought to Wilmington, together with a fine lot of

Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Trimmings

AND

Dress Goods.

Our Grand Spring Opening will take place

THURSDAY, APRIL 8TH.

FRIDAY, APRIL 9TH.

Mrs Taylor cordially invites all her friends and the public in general to inspect her selections

Polite attention shown to everybody.

Thirty three years of experience in the Millinery business is sufficient guarantee for the selection.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market Street.

ap 4 tf

CUT 'PRICES AT

Mercer & Evan's.

Our EASTER SHOES are going rapidly. Come early and get best selections. Take a look in our Window in passing. We shall be glad to see you come in.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. ap 4 tf

FIRE OATS.

10 and 20c Per Bushel.

TRIED AND FOUND

GOOD FOR STOCK.

TERMS SPOT CASH.

WORTH & WORTH.

ap 3 tf

Drugs! Drugs! Drugs!

WATCH THE PRICES.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

67 cents a bottle, $8.00 per dozen.

Paine's Celery Compound

73 cents a bottle. $8.75 per dozen.

Pain Killer 17c a Bottle, $2 Per Dozen.

Simmon's Liver Regulator 16c a package, $1 85 per dozen.

Winslow's Soothing Syrup 16c bottle.

Bull's Cough Syrup 16c a bottle.

Syrup Figs 34c a bottle.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla 65c, etc., etc.

If you want to save money buy your Drugs from

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

ap 2 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Notice.

Foreclosure Sale of Real Estate.

BY VIRTUE OF A POWER OF SALE CONtained in a mortgage deed made by W. H. Strauss and wife to M. Bear & Bro., dated the 6th day of November, 1895, and recorded at page 534 et seq., in Book 16, of the Records in the Office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover county, North Carolina, I will, at 12 o'clock M., on Monday, the 3rd day of May, 1897, sell at public auction, for cash, the lot of land and premises described and conveyed in and by said mortgage, and bounded and described as follows: "Situate on the beach between the Atlantic Ocean and the Banks Channel, opposite the village of Wrightsville, in the county of New Hanover and on the east side of the right of way of the Wilmington Seacoast Railway Company and designated as lot No. 51 on the map or plat prepared by J. C. Chase, attached to a deed from the party of the first part to A. G. Ricaud and duly recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover county, being 50 feet wide and running to the ocean.

This the 27th day of March, 1897.

A. J. MARSHALL.

mar 28 6w tu

Notice.

On account of the withdrawal of Mr. J. H. Bunting from the Sunday arrangement between the down town Druggists, my Drug Store will be open every Sunday hereafter.

JAMES D. NUTT, The Druggist.

apr 4 tf

Grand Opening

Of Fine Spring Millinery at Wilmington's Big Racket Store

ON WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 7th, 8th and 9th, We have made special efforts to please the ladies in fine Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, Laces, and we propose to show the nicest selection, the prettiest styles and the lowest prices, and ask you one and all to come and give our store a look, and all of our fine Hats. We have made special efforts to please all classes. We have had 1,000 very neat Hats trimmed in Ribbon and Flowers and Lace and Chiffon to sell for 50, 75c and $1.00 each; the neatest line of Hats that has ever been offered for that money.

Our line of fine Hats for ladies, to sell for $1.50 2.00, 2 25 and 2.50, are beautiful.

In Children's Hats we have everything, from nice little banded Straw Hats for 10c to Girls' banded Straw Yacht Sailors for 20, 25, 35, 40, 50, 75c and $1.00.

The handsomest line of Leghorns, the finest grade for $1.00 each. All styles of fine Sailor Hats, white, black, navy and brown, banded nicely, for 25c, new styles and nice quality. Beautiful banded Sailors, very neat, for 50c.

In Babies' and Children's Bonnets and Caps we can save you money. A nice plaited edge Lawn Baby Caps, with long strings, for 10c.

Beautiful Tucked Caps in white fine lawn for 25c; better made with more finish at 35, 50, 75c and $1 00.

Silk Caps 25, 50c and $1 00.

In Tam O'Shanter Caps all kinds from 15, 19, 25, 35 to 50c each.

Nice straw shapes for ladies, for 10, 15, 20, 25, 50, 75c and $1.00, 1.50, 2 00 and 2 50 each.

We can please anybody in style and color.

Now Ribbon is a very important feature in the Hat Department. We have at least 2 500 roles of Ribbon of every quality. We have Ribbon 2 yards No. 2 for 3c; No. 5 for 5c; No. 7 for 8c; No. 9 for 10c; No. 12 for 12c; No. 16 for 15c; No. 22 for 21c; No. 30 for 25c; No. 40 for 30c; No. 50 for 35c; No. 60 for 40c; No. 80 for 45c; No. 100 for 60c. These prices buy the finest Taffeta, Morie, Satin of the best quality. Gros Grain in every color—in shaded changeable, white, black or any of the leading colors of the season.

Send us your orders and we will guarantee goods to be as represented; be of the best Silk and best quality of Ribbon.

Come to the opening on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 7th, 8th and 9th of April. You will find us at 112 North Front St., opposite The Orton.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,

apr 4 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

A. D. BROWN,

No. 29 North Front St.

Men's Medium Weight Grey Cotton Shirts at 33⅓ cents each.
Men's Bleached Jean Drawers at 25 cents per pair.
Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers 25 cents.
All Wool Art Squares 9x12 feet $9.00 each.
Japanese Dantsu Art Rugs 9x12 feet $10.00 each.
China Mattings 20 cents per yard by the Roll.
China Mattings 22½ cents per yard by the Roll.
China Mattings 27½ cents per yard by the Roll.
Ladies' Ribbed Vests, Taped and Bleached, 10 cents each.
Ladies' Black Corsets, regular 75 cents quality 50 cents per pair.
Windsor Ties, two for 25 cents.
Children's and Gents' Hose, in Ox Blood, 25 cents per pair.
Novelties in Ladies' Belts 50 cents each.
Iron Frame Grenadines 75 cents per yard.
China Silks, Waist Patterns, 37½ cents per yard.
Checked Novelties in Dress Goods 25 cents per yard.
Changeable Mohairs 35 cents per yard.
Black Brocade Silks 65 and 90 cents.
Ladies' String Ties, two for 25 cents.
Ladies' Persian Satin Bows 25 cents each.

ap 4 tf

Special Sale Week

—AT—

REHDER'S

Near Fourth Street Bridge,

Commencing Monday, April 5th.

Greatest Special Sale Week on Record.

Prices the Lowest Ever Heard Of,

☞ Read Circular for prices. Remember six days only. ap 4 tf

VISIT

EXCELSIOR SHOE STORE,

4TH CAMPBELL STREETS.

New Styles. Popular Prices.

mar 14 tf

Hardware, Tinware,

EARTHENWARE,

STOVES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose,

Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. mar 24 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

We want your business, and will Make it to Your Interest to Deal with us. Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. D. L. GORE, Vice President. W. C. COKER Jr., 2nd Vice President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

	March 9th, '96.	March 9th, '97
Deposits	$569,000	$609,000
Surplus and Net Profits	54,300	65,153
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid 6 per cent. per annum. Last Installment of Capital paid in October, 1892. ap 4 tf

Now is the Time to Make Your

DEPOSIT IN THE

Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

Deposits made by April 1st begin to bear interest on that day at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $6,000.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.

GEO. SLOAN, Cashier.

mar 28 tf